New Oxford Item.

H. L. SMITH, EDITOR. AN INDEPENDENT LOCAL JOURNAL. ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM

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There is no argument so good as an absolute, plain, truthful statement of fact. There is nothing so interesting as fact.

In the true happenings in the every-day life of every-day people are materials for most thrilling novels. There are every day stories of heroism, suffering and the final triumph of good over evil—of happiness finally crowning endeavor. Here is a case in point:

In the county of Escambia in Alabama is the little town of Flomaton and there lives Mrs. Mollie Grimes. She was a good wife and mother but several years ago she found her health slipping away from her. She realized that this meant the inevitable nervousness and irritability that would surely lose for her the affection of her children and husband, and that as her health declined discord and misery would appear in her home. She was filled with the loving motherly instinct, but two miscarriages in succession almost broke her heart. She had almost lost hope when the clouds rolled away and the light of health and happiness returned.

She tells her story in these words:

"I was almost heart-broken to think I could not raise any more children and had to suffer as I did. I had lost two children by miscarriages and I fully expected to lose another when, in August 1897, I learned of and began taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and took it until after baby was born in November. With my other children I had suffered everything that flesh could suffer but this time I was in perfect health and had a very easy time. I was in labor only a short time. I cannot praise Dr. Pierce's medicines enough for I believe they certainly saved my baby's life and maybe my own life as well. I took the 'Favorite Prescription' and also the 'Pleasant Pellets.' The 'Pleasant Pellets' act like a charm."

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PEACE PROCLAMATION.

Bellamy Storer Selected For United States Minister to Spain.

DISCHARGE OF THE VOLUNTEERS.

Washington, April 12.—The condition of war which has existed between the United States and Spain since April 21, 1898, terminated yesterday, when the last formalities in the restoration of peace were performed by the exchange of ratifications of the peace treaty. Coincident with this President McKinley issued his proclamation declaring that the war was at an end, and the appointment of Bellamy Storer was determined upon as United States minister to Spain. Mr. Storer is now United States minister to Belgium.

Bellamy Storer, who is a Catholic, is 52 years of age, having been born in Cincinnati in 1847. He was graduated from Harvard in 1867 and two years later from the law school of Cincinnati college. He entered public life as a member of the Fifty-first congress from the First Ohio district, was re-elected to the Fifty-third congress and was a member of the foreign affairs committee. He is a man of large private means.

It is assumed here that the Duc d'Arcos, late Spanish minister to Mexico, will be named as minister to Washington, and the officials sincerely hope that this will be done, as a very favorable opinion of him is held here.

BELLAMY STORER.

The effect of yesterday's action is to completely renew the peaceful relations, trade, official, diplomatic, consular, and in all other ways, between this country and Spain. Following the appointment of a United States minister to Madrid and a Spanish minister to Washington, it is expected that consuls will be sent to Barcelona and the other large places in Spain where our consular representatives were suspended by the war. At the same time Spanish consuls will be appointed throughout this country.

Law officers of the government are discussing, in the light of the president's proclamation, the question of mustering out the volunteer army. It is agreed that the law will be construed to mean that the muster out of the troops shall be upon orders of the executive, and that necessarily there must be a delay of a month or so in the discharge of the volunteers. Meantime they will receive their pay and allowances.

In accordance with precedent, established at the close of the civil war, a few of the volunteer organizations may be retained in the service for some time, although those who desire to return home will be permitted to do so.

The law authorities hold that, in order that the volunteers in the Philippines may remain in the service in accordance with the provisions of the army law passed by the last congress they must re-enlist, not as organizations, but as individuals. The organizations and the individuals who choose to go with them must be mustered out of this country. Those individual volunteers who re-enlist in the Philippines will receive not only the two months' extra pay provided for on their discharge from the army, but also travel pay from this country to the Philippines and return, amounting to about $500. The war officials have decided that it would be more desirable to take a trained soldier in the Philippines than to send that soldier home and return a raw recruit.

It is evident that many volunteers in the Philippines are not anxious to remain, and will take advantage of the law to demand their muster out.

The effect of the proclamation declaring peace will be felt by the enlisted men in the regular army to the extent of a reduction of 20 per cent in pay.

Million Dollar Lincoln Monument.

Springfield, Ills., April 12.—The house yesterday passed a bill providing for the erection here of a new Lincoln monument at a cost of $1,000,000. The bill appropriates $100,000 and provides that $400,000 be raised by popular subscription. Congress will be asked to appropriate the balance.

EX-SENATOR ON TRIAL.

M. S. Quay's Counsel Object to Admission of Bank Books.

RECEIVER BARLOW'S TESTIMONY.

Philadelphia, April 12.—In the trial of ex-Senator Quay yesterday his lawyers began what is regarded as the all important contention in their fight for his acquittal, namely, that the books of the broken People's bank are not competent testimony against the accused man, and therefore should not be admitted as evidence. On the decision of this point rests the entire fabric of the prosecution's case. Should Judge Biddle decide the point well taken the commonwealth's case will necessarily collapse.

In order to secure the most effective presentation of this phase of the defense Mr. Quay brought to his aid the skill of David T. Watson, of Pittsburg, one of the ablest attorneys in Pennsylvania.

The district attorney opened the proceedings in this phase of the case by offering in evidence the books of the bank extending over a number of years, and along with them the account books, letter press books and letters from Senator Quay and State Treasurer Haywood found in the desk of Cashier Hopkins after that official had committed suicide. He read a long summary of what the books and papers showed, and stated what he expected to prove by them, to wit, that through a conspiracy with Cashier Hopkins, State Treasurer Haywood and other state treasurers, and possibly other officials of the bank, Senator Quay used a certain fixed amount of state money deposited in the institution and received interest on another fixed portion of the state deposit.

Mr. Watson contended that the mere fact that bank clerks, with no personal knowledge of the truth of what they were writing, entered certain figures in a book, which figures purported to represent interest paid to Senator Quay, was no proof that the money had been received by him or that there had been any intention to pay it to him. Mr. Quay was the victim of Hopkins, who used the senator's name to cover up his own illegal transactions. Mr. Watson also attacked the indictment, declaring it to be fatally defective.

Previous to the presentation of the bank books by Mr. Rothermel the examination of Receiver Barlow was concluded. Mr. Barlow created a sensation by the statement that he had broken open the dead cashier's desk and taken therefrom the books and letters appertaining to the Quay trial at the behest of a mysterious informant who spoke to him over the telephone from Harrisburg and stated that there was a plot on foot to steal the compromising documents that night. He was, he said, never able to learn who his mysterious friend was. The fact was gleaned from Mr. Barlow that the bank books and letters were practically in the control of Judge Gordon from April until September of last year. He considered this proper, as Judge Gordon was the confidential adviser of President McManes, of the bank.

Then ex-Judge Gordon, who the adherents of Senator Quay declare is responsible for what they term the conspiracy against their favorite, was called to the stand. Judge Gordon corroborated Mr. Barlow's testimony. He deprecated the stories of conspiracy against Senator Quay that have been persistently put in circulation, and answered every question asked regarding the use he made of the papers while he had them. He admitted that they had been photographed at his suggestion, but merely for purposes of safety in the event of the originals being destroyed. He also admitted showing them to David Martin, the leader of the anti-Quay faction, to John Wanamaker, a bitter opponent of Senator Quay, and to others, including a partial exhibition of letters to James M. Guffey, the Democratic leader of this state, but not in the manner hinted by the defense.

Ex-Senator Quay is alone on trial. District Attorney Rothermel having decided on Monday, after the jury was selected, to withhold temporarily the case of Richard R. Quay, the ex-senator's son.

The Lake City Lynching Case.

Charleston, S. C., April 12.—The trial of the alleged Lake City lynchers was resumed yesterday. Four members of the Baker family, the wife and three children of the dead postmaster, who were themselves sufferers at the hands of the mob, testified and exhibited scars to the jury. They related the story of the firing of the postoffice and the shooting of the family and how they escaped and found refuge with the neighbors. Early P. Lee, one of the prisoners, who turned state's evidence, was called by the government, but the defense objected and called witnesses to prove he had been convicted of crime. Court adjourned before the point was settled.

EX-JUSTICE FIELD DEAD.

His Service the Longest in the Supreme Court's History.

Washington, April 10.—Justice Stephen J. Field, of the United States supreme court, retired, died at his home on Capitol hill, in this city, at 6:30 o'clock last evening of kidney complications.

Stephen Johnson Field, son of David Dudley Field, was born in Connecticut in 1816, and was one of four brothers who gained worldwide fame—David Dudley, Cyrus W. and Henry M. being the other three. A graduate of Williams college, he went to California in early life, was elected to the first legislature of the state, became the state's chief justice, and in 1863 was appointed by President Lincoln to the United States supreme court. He served over 34 years, exceeding by a few months the long term of Chief Justice John Marshall.

THIRTEEN VICTIMS OF FIRE.

Terrible Conflagration in the Millionaire District of New York.

New York, April 10.—Fire early Friday morning destroyed the handsome residence of Wallace C. Andrews, at No. 2 East Sixty-seventh street, and 12 persons sleeping in the house were burned to death. Firebrands carried by the wind were blown into an open window in the house of Albert J. Adams, No. 2 East Sixty-ninth street, two blocks distant, setting fire to the house and causing the death of a servant. All of the 13 bodies have been recovered.

Those who lost their lives at the Andrews fire were: Wallace C. Andrews, president of the New York Steam Heating company; Mrs. Wallace C. Andrews, his wife; Mrs. Georgiana Boyden St. John, wife of Mrs. Andrews' brother, Gamaliel G. St. John, an official of the New York Steam Heating company; Orson St. John, 7 years old; Wallace St. John, 3 years; Frederick St. John, 13 months, and the following servants: Nellie Boland, Mary Flannagan, Eva Peterson, Kate Downing, Marie Roth and Annie Neary.

In the Adams fire Mrs. Mary Loughnan, aged 50 years, housekeeper, died from suffocation and burns. In this house seven were more or less seriously injured.

Threatening letters received by the Andrews family lead the police to believe that the house was fired for revenge by a former servant, and a quiet investigation is proceeding.

WORKMEN FELL TO DEATH.

Four Killed and Six Injured by the Collapse of a Bridge Superstructure.

New York, April 12.—The temporary superstructure of the big Willis avenue bridge, now being built over the Harlem river, collapsed yesterday afternoon, killing four men and seriously injuring six, one of whom may die. Twelve or more other workmen also received injuries of a more or less serious nature. The dead are: William Delaney, 65 years old; Walter Delaney, son of the above, 22 years old; Thomas Grady, mason's helper; Lewis Beattie. Charles Pursley, 31 years, had his skull fractured and will probably die.

The accident was caused by too great a weight being put on the traveling derrick that crossed the superstructure. The superstructure connected the north shore sustaining wall with a pier, and was a flimsy affair, stretching 300 feet across deep water, built in three sections, one above another, to a height of about 60 feet. Over this a massive traveling crane, or carrier, was operated. Twenty-five to thirty men were employed on the structure when the collapse occurred. A heavy load of steel beams was being sent out on the crane, when the timbers gave way and the entire structure went down with a crash. As it went down the upright crashed into the workmen, striking the Delaneys, Grady and Beattie and killing them instantly. Many of the men were carried down in the wreck, most of them falling into the water. There were several heroic rescues. James Headrick, who superintended the work, is under arrest.

Total Destruction of Idle Hour.

New York, April 12.—The country house of William K. Vanderbilt, known as Idle Hour, at Oakdale, L. I., was completely destroyed by fire at an early hour in the morning. Not a portion of the handsome building remains standing. William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., and his recently wedded wife escaped unhurt, as did all the other occupants of the house. Most all of the costly paintings and handsome furniture were destroyed. The bridal couple returned to this city, and are stopping at the Waldorf-Astoria.

Coaster Sunk, Four Five Lost.

Malta, April 12.—The British steamer Kingswell, Captain Humphreys, just arrived here, reports being in collision with the Greek coaster Maria on April 9 in the Mediterranean, off the coast of Tripoli. The Maria was sunk, 45 persons going down with her. The Kingswell was undamaged.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

Hazleton, Pa., April 11.—Townsend W. Boone, aged 70 years, one of Hazleton's most prominent citizens, who for many years was connected with the mining firm of A. Pardee & Co., and until recently interested in the Lehigh Lumber company, shot himself in the head yesterday with suicidal intent, and will die. Financial troubles are assigned as the cause of the act.

Chambersburg, April 8.—General J. Magee, superintendent of the Pennsylvania Soldiers' Orphans' Industrial school at Scotland, died this evening after a short illness, from pneumonia. General Magee was a resident of Wrightsville, but spent most of his time at the Scotland school since his appointment to the sperintendency in August, 1897. He leaves a wife, a son and a daughter.

Pittston, April 8.—J. B. Shiffer, of Pittston, was run over by a wagon in front of the First National bank this afternoon. He sustained injuries from which he died in ten minutes. Mr. Shiffer was 80 years of age, and was slightly hard of hearing. He attempted to cross the street in front of the wagon, when it struck him and knocked him down, the wheels of the wagon passing over his abdomen.

West Chester, April 7.—Mrs. Mary Showalter, 61 years of age, was admitted to the Chester county hospital last night suffering from a badly burned body, and died this morning of her injuries. Mrs. Showalter was housekeeper for the family of Stephen Dean, of Malvern, and while burning brush her clothing caught fire. In a few moments her body was enshrouded in flames, and before assistance arrived she was frightfully blistered.

Coudersport, April 6.—The lifeless body of George Ebensburg, a woodsman, was found in Bailey run, near Blowville, today. An ugly gash on the dead man's head leads to the suspicion that he was the victim of foul play. Ebensburg was last seen Tuesday night at Blowville, in company with a number of woodsmen. At that time he displayed a large roll of money, but when his body was discovered today no money was found on his person.

Lock Haven, April 8.—Upward of 5,000 acres of land have been leased in Leidy township, this county, by the Clinton Coal company, which will be capitalized at $500,000. The company has contracted with Goodyear Brothers to extend a railroad from Cross Forks to the leased lands. The terms of the agrement require the mining of 100,000 tons of coal for two years beginning October next, and at least 150,000 tons a year after Oct. 1, 1901.

Chester, Pa., April 11.—Professor John R. Sweney, the music composer, died at his home in this city yesterday aged 62 years. Professor Sweney was one of the most widely known religious song writers in the United States, and was looked upon as the chief hymn composer of America. He wrote scores of popular productions and was likewise a magnetic leader, his greatest work being as chorister of the Bethany Sunday school, Philadelphia, and at the Ocean Grove camp meetings.

Harrisburg, April 12.—A bill was introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Chew, of Philadelphia, to make the city of Philadelphia the capital and seat of government of the state on and after Jan. 1, 1901, provided that the city shall file with the governor a legal and binding agreement to furnish to the state the necessary site for the capitol and public buildings, and that at least 60 days before the next general election the governor shall order an election upon this proposition.

Media, April 8.—William Highfield, Jr., a yong mechanic, of South Media, was pronounced insane today by Dr. J. R. Fronefield and Dr. Leinneus Tussell. On March 31 Highfield was arrested on a serious charge made by Miss Nannie Burrell. He was held for a hearing and from that time his mind appeared to be affected. When the case was called for a hearing on Tuesday Miss Burrell, owing to Highfield's condition, consented to withdraw the charge and Highfield was discharged. He continued to grow worse, however, and at times was violent. He will be sent to an asylum for treatment.

Towanda, April 7.—William J. Henry, the young man who for the past three months has been confined in the county jail awaiting trial on the charge of murdering George Rutledge, of Sayre, in January last, made a most determined attempt at suicide by hanging. Last night a few minutes after 9 o'clock a prisoner in the cell beneath that of Henry heard a commotion. Sheriff Fell was quickly called. Henry was found hanging in front of the door of his cell by a rope made from his towel and a small piece of string. He was cut down, and after much effort was restored to consciousness.

The Pennsylvania Deadlock.

Harrisburg, April 12.—The vote for United States senator at yesterday's joint session of the legislature was: Quay, 95; Jenks, 76; Irvin, 31.

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PHILIPPINE BRIGANDS.

MOST DESPERATE FREEBOOTERS TO BE FOUND IN THE WORLD.

Bold Pirates Infest the Adjacent Waters—Peculiar Craft Used by Them—The Maccabebes Are the Most Lawless of the Tribes Inhabiting the Islands.

According to the special correspondent of the Scientific American, the brigands and pirates who infest the islands of the Philippines and the adjacent waters have from time immemorial been regarded as among the most desperate freebooters to be found in any part of the world. The inhabitants of these islands are composed of many different tribes and mixed races. The races or tribes are somewhat different on all the larger islands, and on every one of these there are tribes that never knew the rule of Spain. On these islands there are no less than seventeen pagan and half a dozen Mohammedan tribes. Luzon, Mindanao, Cebu, Negros, Mindoro, and a dozen other islands all have their lawless freebooters, the remnant of some native tribe.

To get a correct idea of the great bands of lawless natives who infest these islands, it will be necessary to go back to a date much earlier than the beginning of Spanish rule in these islands. Prior to the coming of Magellan, these islands had already suffered several foreign invasions. But these were peaceful ones. Away back in early ages, the Chinese or Ingrotes sought these islands in great numbers and their coming proved of much good to the islands. They had industrious ways and soon imprinted these upon these islands, Luzon in particular. Later, the Indian or Tagal invasion occurred, and these, like the Chinese, were soon absorbed in the population of these islands. Thus were made up the three early races in these islands, to which all tribes can be traced. These are the Negrote, Ingrote and Tagal. The Negrote was the aboriginal race, and in many of the races the Negrote can yet be found. In nearly all cases the pirates and brigands are made up of these fierce tribes. The Tagal is, today, regarded as the real native of the Philippines. This tribe is the only one of the early races which, at this day, can be considered a factor in the islands.

Until a comparatively late day these islands have been the centre of piracy. For more than three centuries Spain has been fighting to get rid of the pirates and subdue the native brigands, but without success, for many whole islands have practically always been independent of Spanish rule, while many tribes on the larger islands were also independent. On Luzon, Mindanao, Negros, Paney, Zebu, Leyte, Bohol, Samar, and Mindoro there are as many different tribes as there are islands.

In the earlier years of Spanish rule the Tagals and Visayas gave the conquerors no end of trouble, and no sooner had these tribes been subdued than the Mores in the south began lawless operations. From that time to this they have carried on their lawlessness, and have never been subdued. The Chinese pirates in earlier days also gave the Spanish much trouble. They captured a number of smaller towns along the coast, and even made attempts to capture Manila during the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries.

In the island of Sulu Mohammedanism is particularly strong, and the sultans of the islands have from time to time given the Spanish rulers much trouble, but some years ago their power was broken. During the sixteenth century the Mohammedan tribes were particularly strong on the islands of Mindanao, Palawan, Tawi Tawi and Basilan. But the pirates of Mindanao have always been the most troublesome. The Mores still inhabit the islands and live entirely independent of any outside rule.

The Mores are a peculiar tribe, which originally came from the surrounding islands and mixed with the native tribes of Mindanao. The Mores are the most warlike people of the islands and are a powerful race. They regard all foreigners as their enemies. This is probably due to the bad treatment they have received at the hands of the Spaniards. Most of the Mores are well organized and well equipped. The barong is a terrible weapon, and with it an expert tribesman can cut a man in half at a single blow.

The peculiar native craft, so common on the rivers and harbors of these islands, are particularly adapted to the use of the pirates. They are long, narrow and sharp at both ends and natives are very skillful in handling them. They carry large sails and have outriggers to prevent the boat from capsizing. Before the days of steam navigation these craft were easily able to avoid pursuing parties.

The brigands of these islands are no less notorious than the pirates, and while the latter are pursuing their lawless calling along the coast, the former are carrying on their system of plunder in the interior. Every island has its lawless tribes which never knew Spanish rule. These native brigands were in many cases led by charm men, who, even to this day, are found among the natives.

Probably the most noted brigands of the islands are the Maccabebes, who are found on a number of the larger islands. The Maccabebes know no law save their own. They have no connection whatever with the insurgents, and Jarives and Spanish alike fall before this murderous gang. The Chinese are the particular mark of the Maccabebes and scarcely a night passes but what some Chinaman is killed. Already our authorities have begun the work of breaking up the Maccabebes, and quite a number of the gang here in Manila have been executed. But this is only the beginning of the trouble with the wild tribes and the lawless bands of the Philippines.

DEATH OF THE DRUMMER BOY.

A Pathetic Story of the Little Drummer's Last Call.

A pathetic story of the civil war was related by a corporal of an Illinois regiment who was captured by the Confederates at the battle of Wilson's Creek.

The day before the regiment was ordered by General Lyons to march toward Springfield the drummer fell ill. There was no one to take his place, and while the captain was wondering how he should supply the lack a pale, sorrow-stricken woman appeared at his tent door begging an interview. She brought with her a little boy of twelve or thirteen years, whom she wished to place in the regiment as drummer boy.

"Captain," she said, after the boy had been accepted, "he won't be in much danger, will he?"

"No, I think not," replied the officer. "We shall be disbanded in a few weeks, I am confident."

The new drummer soon became a favorite, and there was never a feast of fruit or other hardly-procured dainties that "Eddie" did not get his share first. The soldiers were stirred by the child's enthusiastic devotion, and declared that his drumming was different from that of all the other drummers in the army.

After the engagement at Wilson's Creek, where the Federals were defeated, Corporal B—, who had been thrown from his horse, found himself lying concealed from view near a clump of trees. As he lay there with his ear to the ground he heard the sound of a drum, distinct, but rather faint. In a moment he recognized the stroke of Eddie, the boy drummer, and hastened toward the spot whence the sound proceeded. In a clump of bushes, propped up against a tree, he found the boy. His drum was hanging from a shrub within reach and his face was deadly pale.

"Oh, corporal!" said he. "I'm so glad you came! Won't you give me a drink of water, please?"

The corporal ran to a little stream close by and brought the child a draught. Just at this moment there came an order for retreat and the corporal turned to go.

"Don't leave me," said the little drummer. "I can't walk. See!" and he pointed to his feet.

The corporal saw with horror that both feet had been shot off by a cannon ball.

"He said the doctors could cure them," continued the boy, pointing to the dead body of a Confederate soldier who lay beside him. "He was shot all to pieces, but he crawled over here and—tied—my legs up—so they—would—wouldn't bleed so!" And Eddie closed his eyes wearily.

The corporal's eyes were blinded by a mist of tears as he looked down. The Confederate soldier, shot to death and in the agonies of the last struggle, had managed to take off his suspenders and bind the boys legs above the knees.

As the corporal bent down to raise the child a body of Confederate troops came up and he was a prisoner. With a sob in his voice he told the story, and the Southern soldier tenderly lifted the wounded drummer on to his own horse, swinging the drum before him. When the little cavalcade reached camp Eddie was dead, but the little drummer's last call had aroused the noblest feeling in the heart of one who was his foe—one whose last act was an effort to save and comfort the boy enemy who was faithful to his duty.—Boston Globe.

Looney Recovered Them.

Detective Dave Looney recovered recently a small tin box which was stolen four years ago from Steve Moore, the well known chicken fighter. The box contained nine pairs of chicken gaffs, which were valued at $100, an extra fine spur saw and a pair of especially constructed comb scissors.

A negro named Will Street was arrested as the thief, and although there seems to be very little doubt as to his guilt, he cannot be prosecuted as his case is barred by the statute of limitation, he having committed the theft over two years ago.

At the time the gaffs and other chicken fighting instruments were stolen Moore offered a reward of $25 for their recovery, but it is not likely that the reward will now be paid.

The gaffs which were recovered by Detective Looney were highly prized by Moore. They were said to be some of the finest in existence, and many are the unlucky game fighting cocks that came to their death from a blow delivered by a bold fighter armed with a pair of these choice gaffs.

SCIENTIFIC SCRAPS.

The sun gives 600,000 times as much light as the full moon.

The average weight of a man's brain is three pounds eight ounces.

It is supposed that the average depth of sand in the deserts of Africa is from thirty to forty feet.

It has been found that X-rays are fatal to bacteria. In the Hygienic Institute of Munich, Bavaria, they are used as a disinfecting agent.

By far the greater number of flowers have no smell. Only about ten per cent. of the 4200 species of flowers in Europe give forth any odor.

Twenty years' study has led a certain scientist to believe that diphtheria, apoplexy, and other diseases are due to a deficiency of salt in the system.

A German biologist has calculated that the human brain contains 200,000,000 nerve cells, 500,000 of which die and are succeeded by new ones every day. At this rate we get an entirely new brain every sixty days.

A Russian officer has been making experiments, with very successful results, in the use of falcons instead of pigeons as carriers. It seems that they can fly very much faster. A pigeon covers ten or twelve leagues in an hour, whereas a falcon can do fifteen. It can also carry with ease a fairly heavy weight.

INFANT SCALES.

Balances Made Nowadays Especially for Weighing the Baby.

Babies have been weighed from time immemorial, but it is only within a few years that scales have been made especially for that purpose. The old-fashioned, time-honored way of weighing the baby was to tie it up in a towel and then hook the hook of a spring balance into the knot; and this way is still common. Whatever other household scales might be in use in a house have also been used for this purpose, as they still are, but there are now made special infant scales and used for that purpose alone.

Infant scales are made in several styles. They all have one feature in common, however—a basket in which to put the baby in place of a pan. An infant scale of a design new this year is finished in white enamel. The weights plate, upon which the weights are placed in the weighing, is of iron polished until it looks like a steel mirror. At the other end of the balance, where the pan would ordinarily be, in the basket, oblong in shape, and fashioned with a view to the convenient and comfortable holding of the child. The basket also is enamelled. The base of the scale projects in front to afford a place for the weights, which are of polished iron. The larger weights are provided with handles. There are no very small weights; the fractional weights are taken by means of a sliding weight on a beam attached to the front of the scale. Such a scale as this sells at $25. Infant scales may be bought, however, at $6 and $8.

The scales are used not only to find out the weight of the infant when it is born, but to weigh it from time to time, maybe once a week, to note its growth. Infant scales are made to weigh up to 25 or 30 pounds.

American scales are sold the world over in every civilized land; there is perhaps no larger foreign consumer than Russia, which buys American scales of every kind, from the largest of railroad scales to the smallest of little scales. It is interesting to note that Russia buys considerable numbers of infant scales.—Sun.

Beavers Chopping Trees.

"I had heard a good many wonderful stories about how beavers chopped down trees," recently said a well known trapper, "and, being anxious to see how far from the truth some of these stories were, I found where beavers were at work in a piece of cedar woods through which a branch of the Wood river flowed. I chose a bright moonlight night to watch the beavers at their tree chopping. I hid myself before nightfall near the spot. Soon after nightfall a beaver came out of the water, went straight to a good sized cedar tree and began work upon it with his teeth.

"While he was at work another beaver appeared from the river, and as he drew himself out of the water to the bank where the moon shone full upon him I saw that he was as white as snow. The white beaver selected a tree and went vigorously to work felling it. I don't believe a woodchopper with his axe could have felled those trees any quicker than those two beavers did with their chisel-like teeth."—New York Mail and Express.

Insect Notes.

The slow flapping of a butterfly's wing produces no sound. When the movements are rapid, a noise is produced which increases with the number of vibrations. Thus the house fly, which produces the sound F, vibrates its wings 21,120 times a minute, or 335 times in a second; and the bee, which makes a sound of A, as many as 26,400 times, or 440 a second. A tired bee hums on E, and therefore, according to theory, vibrates its wings only 330 times a second.

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Graduate of University of Maryland. Teeth extracted without pain. Artificial teeth inserted by all the latest improved methods. Filling a specialty.

DR. H. ROSS BLACK,
DENTIST—Office in rooms formerly occupied by the late Dr. Faber Range, No. 5 Carlisle Street, HANOVER, PA.

DR. WM. HOLLINGER,
DENTIST, Office and Residence, ABBOTTSTOWN, PA.
Will be at Sunday's hotel, New Oxford, every Wednesday. All the latest appliances.

S. S. NEELY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office on York street, next door to Gettysburg National Bank.

WM. McSHERRY, Jr.
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa. Will carefully and promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him. Office opposite court house.

J. L. BUTT,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Office with J. A. Kitzmiller, on second floor of Spengler building on Baltimore street. Prompt attention given to settlement of estates of decedents, minors, etc.; also to conveyancing, liens and collections.

McPHERSON & McPHERSON,
John B. McPherson. Donald P. McPherson.
Attorneys-at-Law, Gettysburg, Pa.
Office on second floor of "Star and Sentinel" building. Will attend promptly to all legal business submitted to them.

G. J. BENNER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Pa. Offices on Baltimore street, in rooms formerly occupied by Dr. Brenneman's Drug Store.

HOTELS.

EAGLE HOTEL, New Oxford.
Frank Fleshman, : : Proprietor.
House thoroughly refitted and refurnished. The bar stocked with the choicest wines, liquors and cigars, while the table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market affords. Ample stabling.

HOTEL YANTIS,
One Sq. from Depot, Littlestown, Pa.
G. BROOK YANTIS, Prop'r.
New House, New Furniture, Old Landlord. Up-to-date and first-class throughout.

MARSHALL HOUSE, York, Pa.
Adjoining the Court House.
John S. Baughman, Proprietor.
The bar is stocked with Choice Wines, Beer and Liquors, and fine brands of Cigars. The table is supplied with the best the market affords. Free 'Bus to and from trains. Extensive stabling attached to the hotel.

GETTYSBURG, PA. : : ;
CITY HOTEL.
Half square from either depot. Livery connected with the hotel. Drive of 20 miles with four or more, over battlefield, $1.35, including dinner.
J. E. HUGHES, Proprietor.

GLOBE HOTEL,
ELIAS FISSEL, Prop'r.
York Street, First Square, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Accommodations first-class in every particular. Bar stock of the very best.
LIVERY ATTACHED.
Teams given careful attention. Telephone No. 122.

GO TO
GEO. A. KLINGEL'S Barber Shop
For a clean shave and a good hair cut. Razors honed and concaved at the lowest price. Shop on Hanover Street, New Oxford, Pa.

GO TO THE
NEW OXFORD
Monumental : : Works
FOR YOUR CEMETERY WORK.
I sell my work according to the times; guarantee good work and lower prices than anywhere else for good work. I deliver my work free of charge anywhere in the county. Come see me. I have some of the latest designs to pick from.
E. C. LOUGH, Proprietor.

FINE HORSES

on hand at all times
For Sale or Exchange
—AT—
C. J. SMITH'S
Sale and Exchange Stables,
HANOVER.
I would respectfully call the attention of the general public to the fact that I have just received a nice lot of
DRIVING and WORK HORSES,
some of them good leaders.
C. J. SMITH,
Chestnut St., opp. Brodbeck's Warehouse, HANOVER, PA.

GEO. F. RABINE,
Practical Barber and Hairdresser,
Eagle Hotel Building, Centre Square, New Oxford, Pa.
Having opened a first-class Barber Shop in the above named place, I respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage.
GIVE ME A CALL.

AUCTIONEERING.
GEO. L. COLESTOCK
Offers his service to the public as Auctioneer. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed. Postoffice address, NEW CHESTER, Adams county, Pa.

... ESTABLISHED, 1871 ...
Rinehart, Childs & Briggs,
Howard and Franklin Sts., BALTIMORE, MD.
Flour and Produce Commission House.
Solicit consignments of Pork, Lard, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, &c. Guarantee full market prices and immediate returns with the cash. Refer to Z. H. CASHMAN, New Oxford, Pa.

When in Hanover and in need of a Hotel, drop in the
HOTEL ABELL.
American and European Plan. Restaurant Attached.
T. L. ABELL, Propr.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.
The undersigned, having purchased the warehouse on Pitt Street, New Oxford, Pa., he will buy all kinds of GRAIN, such as Wheat, Rye, Oats and Corn, Clover and Timothy Seed, Hay and Straw, etc. Will also keep on hand a full stock of Flour, Feeds, Salt, etc.
LUMBER AND COAL.—The Lumber and Coal business will be continued as heretofore, with a full stock of all kinds of Lumber and Coal, which will be sold at bottom prices. Thankful for the liberal patronage given me in the past, I will endeavor to merit a continuance of the same.
A. SHEELY.

J. H. BROUGH,
INSURANCE AND GENERAL BUSINESS AGENCY,
21 Carlisle St., Hanover, Pa.

CLEMENT LINGG, SURVEYOR,
Centennial P. O., Adams county, Pa. Charges moderate.

ANNOUNCEMENT . . .
LUMBER AND COAL.
The undersigned, having purchased the lumber and coal business from W. A. Himes, wishes to inform the public that he has now taken charge of the business and is prepared to supply the public with
LUMBER and COAL
of all kinds which he will sell at the lowest possible prices.
Call to see me at my office on Hanover street, near Cashman's warehouse, New Oxford, Pa.
JNO. S. WEAVER.
Successor to W. A. Himes.

GRAIN and PRODUCE.
Z. H. CASHMAN.
At the Brick Warehouse, HANOVER ST., NEW OXFORD, PA., will buy and sell all kinds of
Wheat, Hay, Straw, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Bran, Middlings, Chop, etc., Also
The Best Brands of Flour,
Coarse and Fine Salt, etc.,
Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. Free delivery to any part of the borough.
☞Car leaves New Oxford every Thursday Afternoon for Baltimore. Returning, leaves Hillen Station every Friday at 4 o'clock p. m. All orders left with him will receive prompt attention.

WASHINGTON HOUSE,
Carlisle St., Gettysburg, Pa.
Opposite W. M. Depot and one square from P. & R. depot. Good livery attached. Good battlefield guides furnished.
AMOS W. NEWMAN, Proprietor.

Chrysanthemums Out of Fashion.

Chrysanthemums are going out of fashion in England. One society for raising the flowers, after having had ten prosperous years, has been obliged to wind up its affairs, owing to the bad business of the last two yers.

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MEN OF THE WEST.

We sent you o'er the sunlit sea,
Men of the West—
To carry peace and industry
To war's unrest.
No grateful homage found ye there,
Nor honor due;
A sullen land with threatn'ing air
Admitted you.

Ye faltered not at burning sun
Nor fever's might.
Nor when ye found the task begun
A bitter fight.
Ye toiled amid a people rude
With patient zeal:
Nor lifted at ingratitude
Th' avenging steel.

A blighted land that could not see
The proffered light:
Nor comprehend that liberty
Of truth and right.
They struck the hand that was their hope
A cruel blow—
The hand that had not stooped to cope
With such a foe.

Ah! bravely then ye faced the blast,
And joyful bled:
And perished, fighting to the last,
Our gallant dead!
We cannot weep at such a death:
Nor toll the bell
While with a deep exultant breath
Our bosoms swell.

We trusted and were not deceived.
Men of the West:
Ye fought and died as ye had lived—
Your Nation's best.
And ye, who live to toil anew,
We trust as well
As those who, faithful, toiled with you,
And, faithful, fell.

—Charles C. Ballard, Union College.

THE TWO FRANCS.

Brichanteau leaned back in his chair, and, stretching out his long, thin legs, yawned luxuriously. Then, recovering himself with deliberation, he thrust his hands deep down into his trousers pockets.

His fingers came in contact with some coins, and, after jingling them for a few minutes, he collected them in the palm of his hand, and, pulling them out, counted them carefully. They consisted of two francs and a few sous. Putting them back into his pocket, he rose, and, assuming a majestic attitude, extended his arms to heaven and spoke. His deep, rich, powerful voice flooded the room.

"Ye gods!" he cried, "Melpomene smiles. The mighty Jove is gracious. Dame Fortune, willful jade, finding that genius cares not for her frown, now, womanlike, caresses that which first she flouted. Behold, today the theatre rewards its humble servant with that base metal that sustains his life, and he has yet two francs! Wealth, riches illimitable! Two francs! Aha!"

With a gesture of magnificent abandon he flung himself into his chair, and, resting his chin on his left hand, sat for a few minutes with his brows knit as if in deep thought. "Two francs! How shall we spend them?" he muttered, tragically. "How shall we dispose of this superfluous bounty of the flouting dame?" And, with a dramatic gesture, he thrust the fingers of his right hand through the masses of his long, gray hair. "Ha! We have it," he cried suddenly, in deep, stentorian tones. "The Cafe Diane. We will dine; taste once more ambrosial fare, and quaff again the nectar of the gods. 'Tis good. The thought is good."

Jumping from his seat, he took off the old flowered silk dressing-gown he was wearing and hanging it carefully on a nail, went to the tiny cupboard that contained his wardrobe, and drew forth an old and somewhat threadbare furlined overcoat, in which, despite the hot June sun, he proceeded to clothe himself.

Then, when he had carefully examined his chin to see if it required shaving, and readjusted his long, lank hair, he put on a large, slouching felt hat, and, taking a cane richly mounted with polished brass, walked out of the room.

It was a long way down from the attic to the street, and the stairs were dark and narrow. Brichanteau, who always carefully explained to his few visitors that he preferred the attic, as it was nearer "the flaming courses of the whirling stars," walked down with evident distaste.

At last he reached the ground floor, and stood in the dark, narrow passage which led to the street. Here he paused, standing for a minute in deep meditation before a dirty, dilapidated door. At last he made up his mind, and, raising his hand, rapped loudly with the knob of his cane.

"Come in," said a pleasant voice.

Brichanteau turned the handle, and, flinging back the door, stood for a moment on the threshold, hat in hand, bowing magnificently.

"Good morning, madam," he said.

The room was hot and steaming. The ceiling, though low, was hidden from view by numberless cords, on which hung various articles of clothing, all more or less damp. On the opposite side of the room a plump, comely little woman was busily employed ironing.

"Good morning, Monsieur Brichanteau," she replied, looking up for a moment from her work. "It is a fine day."

"The day indeed is fine," answered Brichanteau, leaning elegantly against the door posts as he spoke. "Aurora smiles, and deigns to rain her golden sunbeams like flowers upon her humble slaves."

Madame raised her hands with that pretty gesture which is common to every true-born Frenchwoman. "La, Monsieur! How beautifully you talk. You are indeed a true poet."

He smiled and shook his head with conscious humility. "Nay, madame, you flatter me. I am no poet; only a humble slave of Art. A slave who has endured much for the Cause, 'tis true; but one who is yet a slave."

She shook her head sympathetically. "You have had trials, Monsieur?" she asked.

"Trials!" he answered; I have starved; I have played to cheering multitudes and to howling mobs; I have endured bombardments of vegetables, and received showers of roses; and yet I have played on. Genius cannot be overcome by trifles; naught but death can quench its consuming fire. The public do not understand Brichanteau. So much the worse for the public. They are fools. Meanwhile, Brichanteau still plays on."

He stopped, and, folding his arms theatrically, resumed his old position by the door post.

"And yet there have been triumphs," she suggested, soothingly.

"Triumphs!" he replied, eagerly. "Aye, there have been triumphs, too. My Louis XI was received with acclamations that filled the house. The applause was thunderous. The magic of my sway carried everything before it. It was victory, indeed. To be sure, one miserable critic, full of envy, dared to decry me; but I challenged him, and he fell before the onslaught my righteous fury like an oak before the tempest."

"Did you kill him?" she asked, horror-struck. "Kill him, the cur! Nay. Genius can afford to be magnanimous. He thought the victory was his; but he had to deal with one who had played 'Roland' and 'Bayard,' and 'Napoleon the Great,' and his skill was unavailing. I spared his life, and ran him through the lung. But I am retarding you. A thousand pardons. I did but come to inquire after the little Susette; and I have stayed to chatter."

The woman stopped her ironing. "Thank you, monsieur; she is better," she replied. "The docior says that all she wants is good food—chickens, and fruit. But, alas! such things are impossible; they cost money," she added, sadly.

"'Tis true," answered the old actor, shaking his head mournfully, "they cost money. Madame, I feel for you, and I hope the little one will soon be well. Adieu!" and bowing gracefully he walked out of the room.

The Cafe Diane, the object of Brichanteau's journey, was some distance from his lowly abode. Thither he wended his way with slow and dignified steps, and as he walked he drooped his head forward as if in deep meditation. This fit lasted until he had almost reached his destination, when, two doors from the cafe, he halted outside a fruiterer's shop. He stood irresolute for several minutes; now looking at the stores of fruit piled up in front of him, and now casting longing glances at the adjacent restaurant. At last he seemed to make up his mind. Drawing himself up to his full height, he stalked into the shop.

"How much are these grapes?" he asked, waving his hand, with a magnificent gesture, toward the fruit in question.

"Two francs a pound," answered the shopman, bowing politely.

The actor concealed his disappointment with an effort, for he thought the price exorbitant.

"I will have a pound," he said, grandly.

"After all, there are still the sous," he muttered, as he strode proudly out of the shop.

"Madame, Dame Fortune smiles. The gods are indeed gracious. Today they shower their blessings like the rain."

The woman paused in her almost ceaseless ironing. "What has happened, Monsieur?" she asked, surprised at the interruption.

"My old friend and comrade, Monsieur the Marquis de Morthon, one of the few who do not forget Brichanteau, has sent me a hamper of the produce of his chatean," answered the actor, grandly. "Among other things, he sent these grapes. I beg you to accept them for the little Susette," and he thrust them into her hands.

She thanked him with tears in her eyes, she knew that he was lying.

Brichanteau, the absent-minded, had given them to her in the tradesman's printed paper bag.—W. Poole, in Today.

Ground Oyster Shell Medicine.

Ground oyster shells were given by the medieval doctors to children suffering from rickets and scrofula. Now it appears that they were right. The shells contain lime, nitrogen, iron, sulphur, manganese, magnesia, flour, bromide, phosphoric acid and iodine, all excellent for feeble children. They say that if growing children were to take powdered oyster shells in their food the teeth would be improved.

The first newspaper published in Connecticut was issued in New Haven, in 1754, and was called the Connecticut Gazette.

ENDLESS CHAIN IN BUSINESS.

Secret of Getting Rich Quickly by Selling Three Dollar Shoes at Ten Cents.

The endless chain idea has been adapted to business with surprising results. If people will only take to it, they can buy a three-dollar pair of shoes for ten cents, a twenty-dollar overcoat for a quarter and other things at equally low prices, while the dealers will shortly be able to retire with huge fortunes.

The thing works this way: Suppose you want to get a pair of three-dollar shoes for ten cents. You ask yourself if you have six friends or acquaintances who also wish to secure a pair of shoes for ten cents. You go to the office of the concern and pay seventy cents for a certificate with six coupons attached. These coupons you sell, one to each of six friends for ten cents, thus getting back 60 cents in cash of your investment and leaving you only 10 cents out. Your friends have the same privilege you had of taking out certificates and selling their coupons. Each certificate is numbered and each coupon bears the number of the certificate of which it is a part, as well as a number of its own. On the back of the certificate are six ruled and numbered lines upon which the owner of the certificate writes the name of the friends to whom he has sold the coupons. His certificate must be full and paid up before he can draw the premium: that is to say, each of his friends to whom he has sold a coupon must have come to the office and taken out a certificate at 60 cents for his own account before the order for the $3 pair of shoes will be given. When this has been done he gets an order for the shoes, or, if he prefers, he can have $3 in cash. All he will be out will be 10 cents. The concern will have received the 70 cents originally paid in by the buyer of the shoes plus 60 cents from each of six friends or $3.60 in all, or a total of $4.30 for a $3 pair of shoes, which is a satisfactory profit. The friends may each sell six coupons to six friends, get their shoes and help to swell the fortune of the promoter of the idea.

To the certificate that entitles its owner to get a $20 overcoat or suit of clothes for 25 cents there are ten coupons attached, and each person presenting one of these coupons at the office of the investment company must bring with it $1.50 in cash. That makes $2.75 that he has paid out, all of which comes back him in the sale of the coupons except the original 25 cents. Total receipts of the concern, $27.75 for a $20 overcoat. The certificate upon which the owner may get $5 worth of groceries for 25 cents has six coupons attached, which must be presented at the office with $1.50 in cash, making $10.75 in all.

Up to the present time this is about the limit to which the concern goes in the way of benefit certificates, but it proposes to add to the list sewing machines which will cost the buyer 50 cents, pianos at from $1.75 to $2, and suburban lots, worth say $250, that will cost the owner $2.50. It will build a home that will be worth about $2000 and give the owner possession when his chain on a certificate for $40 is complete, and will also furnish a flat for you on the certificate, instead of the installment plan.—New York.

Turkeys Tracked by Dogs.

The wild turkey in the Ozarks is now hunted with a slow-tracking dog, and whole flocks are often killed in this way. Till the trained dog was employed to follow up the wary bird this game fowl could baffle the most skillful hunter. Now when a flock of turkeys is found the sportsman has little difficulty. A good dog will follow a turkey track that is three or four hours old, and set the birds when overtaken, just as the pointer does the quail. After the turkey has been chased awhile it hides in a tree or under a log, and stays there, until the hunter guided by his dog, comes within his range.

It is astonishing what fine instinct a good turkey dog will develop after a few months of training in the woods. He will follow a flock of turkeys for hours just ahead of the hunter, and indicate by unmistakable signs when the game is near. After a turkey has received a fatal shot it may fly half a mile or more. A trained dog will go straight to a wounded or dead turkey with the same precision with which he tracks the game.—Chicago Record.

Some Difference.

In the reign of Queen Anne lived two gentlemen, both members in the same parliament; the one was called Montague Matthieu, the other Matthew Montague; the former a tall, handsome man, the latter a deformed, ugly one. On one occasion in the House an honorable member inadvertently attributed something that had been said by Mr. Matthew Montague to Mr. Montague Matthieu: upon which the latter got up and appealed to the speaker and the House in the following manner: "Sir, an honorable member has charged me with having said that which I never gave utterance to, but which came from Mr. Matthew Montague. Now, sir, I must appeal to you and this honorable House whether there is not as much difference between Mr. Matthew Montague and Mr. Montague Matthine as there is between a horse chestnut and a chestnut horse?"—"One Hour's Reading."

AGRICULTURAL CREDITS.

THE REMARKABLE SYSTEM IN VOGUE AMONG FRENCH FARMERS.

There Are Certain Products Upon Which They May Borrow Money—Property Remains in the Possession of the Owner—How Creditors Are Paid.

Advance sheet of consular reports No. 303 contains the following translation of the French agricultural warrants act:

Any farmer may borrow upon the results of his agricultural or industrial products hereafter classified, at the same time retaining possessions of the same in his own buildings or in those upon the ground cultivated. The products upon which warrants may be issued are as follows: Cereals, either in bundles or thrashed; fodder and dried feed; dried pharmaceutical plants; dried vegetables; dried fruits and seeds or roots; textile materials, animal, or vegetable; oil seeds and seeds for sowing; wines, ciders, spirits of alcohol of different natures; dried exteriors of grain; cut wood, resin, and tanbark; cheeses, honey and wax; vegetable oils; sea salt. The agricultural warrant remains in the hands of the bearer of the warrant until the sums advanced are reimbursed. The farmer or producer is responsible for the merchandise which remains in his custody and care without any indemnity whatsoever.

The farmer or cultivator, in cases where he is not the proprietor or receiver of the income from his work, shall, before making any loan, notify the proprietor of the property leased of the nature, the value and the quantity of produce or merchandise which is to form the guaranty for the loan, also the amount of the loan to be demanded. Such notice should be given to the proprietor, the person entitled to the income, or his legal representative designated, through the offices of the clerk of the justice of the peace of the canton in which the residence of the borrower is located. The notification letter should be deposited with the clerk, who should vise, register and send the same under form of registered letter, at the same time acknowledging receipt of the same. The proprietor or person entitled to the income, or his legal representative, in case payments become due and not paid, should within a delay of twelve full days, counting from the date of the registered letter, make opposition to the loan on the said products by a letter addressed to the clerk (greffier) of the justice of the peace, which letter should be registered.

The clerk of the justice of the peace will write on the two parts of a register with stub, specially drawn up for this purpose, and in accordance with the declaration of the borrower, the nature, the quantity and value of the products which are to serve as guaranteeing his loan, also indicating the amount of the loan requested. In case the borrower shall not be the proprietor or the person entitled to the income of the ground worked, the justice of the peace should, beside the conditions above mentioned, indicate the date the notice was sent to the proprietor (or usufructier), the one entitled to the income, as also the absence of any opposition on his part after a delay of twelve full days from the date of the posting of the registered letter. The sheet detached from this register becomes the warrant which will permit the cultivator to obtain his loan.

The borrower may, even before a payment is due, pay such amount on account of the warrant. In case the lender refuses his offer, the borrower may, in order to free himself, deposit the sum offered, observing the formalities as prescribed by article 1259 of the civil code. Upon sight of the regular and sufficient receipt of deposit, the justice of the peace shall issue an order indicating that the sum shall be placed to his (the borrower's) credit against the debt consigned.

In default of payment when due, and after proper notice transmitted by registered letter to the borrower, in which a request for acknowledgment of the same should be made, the holder of the warrant, without further notice and without any judicial formality, but in such forms of publication as provided for by articles 617 and the following of the code of procedure, may, eight days after the first notice, proceed through a ministerial officer to the public sale at auction of the merchandise deposited as security.

The creditor is directly paid the amount of his advance from the selling price, by privilege and in preference to all other creditors, without any deduction beyond those of the regular direct contribution tax of the locality and the expenses of the sale, and also without other formalities than the order of the justice of the peace.

The holder of the warrant loses his right to proceed against the indorsers of the same should he not cause the sale to be made within the month following the original notice to the borrower. The holder has no recourse as regards the borrower or his indorsers, except after having exercised his right upon the products or merchandise placed as security. In case the amount realized is insufficient a delay of a month is accorded to him from the date that the sale of the merchandise took place in order to have recourse against the indorsers.

It having been proved that he (the borrower) has willingly put aside, dissipated, or deteriorated the security to the prejudice of the creditor, he shall become liable as having committed an act qualified as "abuse of confidence" and punished in accordance with article 406 and 408 of the penal code, without in any way interfering at the same time with the application of article 463 of the same code.

A LARCENY KINDERGARTEN.

An Institution in Japan Where Children Are Trained to Be Wicked.

There are two classes of children in Tokio who become professional beggars, viz., those small unfortunates who have run away from home in order to escape barbarous treatment from inhuman parents and children abandoned by their parents, whose nomadic instincts induce them to get rid of their too numerous offspring, and thus avoid the trouble of dragging them around from one village to another. These latter, says a writer in Pearson's, confide their children to old professional beggars, who soon teach the young outcasts to earn their own livelihood.

Some of these chiefs of the mendicant profession enjoy a wide reputation, and have scores of beggars and thieves in embryo under their tutelage. There even exists in Tokio a well known house, Kodomo no Sourvoya, which is a regular agency for the letting out of children.

Beggars of forty or fifty years of age (nearly always thieves hors de combat and crippled in some way or other) call upon this firm every day and hire a child of four or five years old, in whose company they prey upon the charity of the public. The price per day for a child is from three to ten sen (1 1-2d. to 5d.), and as the object of the child is to inspire pity, weak and ailing children fetch the highest prices.

From five years upward the children do their begging by themselves. At the age of fourteen or fifteen, under the pretext of gathering waste paper and other rubbish, they prowl around the courtyards of the houses and commence to thieve.

Their usual weapon is a long stick, the end of which is steeped in glue, and with which they are very adroit at removing trifles from open windows.

At sixteen they are taught the art of picking pockets with skill and despatch, and from being beggars rise to the rank of bonbajiki (pickpockets) or kopparai (thieves).

There is no real difference between the thief and the beggar. The child commences as a beggar, becomes in due course a thief and takes to begging once more when old age overtakes him.

Daily lessons are given to the young thieves by the chiefs of each band, and the apprenticeship lasts as long as from twelve to nineteen. The whole thing has been reduced to a regular system, and pocket picking and burglary are carefully taught in every detail.

One specialist spent a year in Berlin in order to acquire perfection in the art of subtilizing a purse. Since this gentleman's return to Tokio his class has been very successful, and has a hundred intelligent pupils at the present moment.

The whole thieves' colony is regulated by a code of laws, and these are administered with the utmost sternness. The youngest thieves keep ten per cent. of their earnings, the better class of pickpockets forty per cent., and some fifty per cent. or even sixty per cent. The surplus of the profits is invested in the teaching of pupils and employed as the chiefs of the community deem necessary for the general well being.

Would Not Race With Freaks.

One Fourth of July several years ago, an American man-of-war called at Cienfuegos, Cuba. The officers, as customary on such occasions, wished to celebrate the day with games and sports of various kinds. There was a boat club in the city, and an invitation was extended to it for a race between a crack crew from the ship and one from the club. The tars were willing, and the first whale-boat was selected to represent America. When the hour arrived the coxswain of the whale-boat, an old salt who had served with Farragut, looked over the gangway and espied a long slender shell approaching the ship.

"What's this coming?" he asked the corporal of the guard.

"That's the boat you are to race."

"And them things in it?"

"That's the crew, of course."

"What! Them living skeletons in red and blue and green and yaller a boat's crew? Why, they'd break their backs on the first lap. I don't race no such freaks."

And he didn't. The rest of the crew agreed with him, and the race was declared off, much to the disappointment of the natives ashore.—New York Post.

Two Sorts.

Hostess—Please play something classic, professor; play something pretty.

Professor—Vich vill you haf virst, ma'am?—New York Weekly.

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THE ITEM,
NEW OXFORD, PA.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 14. 1899.

Finding Copper Ore.

Col. H. C. Demming, the well-known minerologist, of Harrisonburg, is at work with a force of men on the Blue Ridge Mountains locating copper ore and stibnite in the interest of Boston and Philadelphia capitalists. The finding the past week of copper ores on the summit and on the sides of the mountains, in Franklin and Adams counties, has caused a stir, and a number of prospecting parties are reported out. It is stated that Colonel Demming was in Baltimore over Saturday night in consultation with capitalists, and the inspecting party expected to go over the mountains this week.

A Valuable Bull.

Application has been made for insurance of $50,000 on the famous young Jersey bull, "Merry Maiden's Son," owned at Hood farm, Lowell, Mass. This is said to be the highest amount of insurance ever asked for on a bull or cow. Merry Maiden's Son is believed to be the most famous Jersey bull living, as he is the son of Merry Maiden, the champion sweepstakes cow in all three tests combined at the World's Fair, and his sire is Brown Bessie's Son, whose dam won the ninety-days and thirty days tests at the World's Fair.

Without Legs and Arms.

Mrs. James Cowger, living near Edinburg, Va., gave birth to a male child without legs or arms. The thighs and shoulders are neatly rounded off, and the infant is healthy. Several months since the mother doctored a chicken whose legs and wings had been eaten away by rats. The Cowgers' other children are perfectly formed.

Take an Interest.

Take an interest in your home paper; it is to your interest, as a matter of business, to do so. Here in New Oxford you have a paper published weekly that will compare favorably with any country paper published in the state, and is far in advance of many that receive greater support than does the ITEM. This paper has always labored hard for the welfare of New Oxford and its citizens and will continue to do so, considering it no more than fair play, however, that the citizens, especially the business men, should in turn speak a good word for their home paper whenever convenient or an opportunity is offered, Remember when you do so, you are furthering your own interests as well as ours. There's nothing that goes so far towards showing the intelligibility, business and social activity of the people of a town as the home paper. It serves as a never-failing index to the business carried on in a town, and as such an index and promoter of your interests should be upheld with a liberal and mutual spirit. Advertise your business and you are advertising your town: advertise your town and its advantages and you are advertising your business.

Court Items.

Opinions have been handed down in several cases argued at the recent Argument Court as follows: In assignee of A. B. Kauffman vs. Lewis Bosserman, a case stated for the opinion of the Court on the following facts: Kauffman, the owner of a farm, leased it to Humpert for one year from April, 1896 to April 1897, rent payable in the shares. In September, 1896, the farm was levied on by the Sheriff on an execution against Kauffman, and on October 15, 1896, was sold by him to Lewis Bosserman. The Sheriff's deed to Bosserman was acknowledged in open court Oct. 19, 1896. On Sept. 2, 1896, Kauffman made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. Previous to the Sheriff's sale and the acknoledgment of the deed to Bosserman, fifteen hundred and eighty-five bushels of corn in the ear had been cut, husked, garnered and set apart, one-half in the landlord's crib and one-half in the tenant's crib. At the same time nine hundred and thirty bushels were in the shock in the field, unhusked, and were set apart as the landlord's share. The value of the landlord's share set apart was $57.12. The corn was cut before the levy but after the assignment.

On the day of the Sheriff's sale there was also the oats crop, cut and in the barn, unthreshed and not divided or separated. In November the oats was threshed and divided into two equal parts, one-half retained by the tenant and the other set aside to Bosserman without the consent of the assignee.

The case was stated and argued for an opinion of the Court as to whether or not the assignee was entitled to receive one-half of all the corn and oats, divided and undivided, at the time of the delivery of the Sheriff's deed, or only to the amount of the corn that was harvested and divided at that date. In a lengthy opinion Judge Swope decided that the assignee was only entitled to receive Kauffman's share of the corn that had actually been set apart for him, and that Bosserman was entitled to the undivided share of the corn and oats which went to him as purchaser of the land of Kauffman as rent payable after Bosserman acquired title.

In the other cases, that of Eliza Nickey vs. the York B. & L. Association, rule to bring an action of ejectment for land bought at Sheriff's sale, the rule is discharged at the costs of petitioner.—Star.

Sunday School Convention.

A Convention of the Sunday School Workers of the third district of Adams county, including New Oxford, East Berlin, Abbottstown, Oxford, Hamilton, Berwick, Conewago and Mountpleasant townships, convened in the Methodist church, New Oxford, April 6, 1899, at 1.30 p. m., with Mr. Geo. Himes, President, in the chair.

Devotional exercises which were led by Rev. F. Hesse, consisting of singing from Living Hymns, which was followed by prayer. After singing another hymn, the 119th Psalm, beginning at the 97th verse, was read. After a few remarks on it by the leader, Rev. D. W. Woods led in prayer, which was followed by a hymn. Mr. Barbehenn then led in prayer after which the Convention sang the hymn "Blessed Assurance."

Rev. Hesse then welcomed the Convention to the town, saying that as a town much more work was needed in our Sunday schools. We always are glad to learn new ideas and new methods for the work. He said that oftentimes too much attention was given to methods and not enough to personal work. As a subject for discussion he suggested methods to secure regular attendance.

Following this address was a solo, "Your Conscience Bells," by Miss Rhoda Swartz.

Rev. A. R. Steck then addressed the Convention on "What Parents can do for the Sunday Schools." In discussing this subject, he mentioned four things parent can do. First, be present. Their presence encourages the workers. Second, see that their children are there Third, parents can prepare the child in the study of the lessons. This is most vital. No child will derive the same benefit from the session of the school without the previous study. Fourth, the study of the Word by the parents at the Sunday school.

Rev. Dr. Roads then led a conference telling of a number of things which can help the Sunday school at once.

After singing a hymn an address on "The Worth of the Bible" was made by Rev. D. W. Woods. He said the Bible is the best example of literature. It is a book for humanity but has been deprived of its power by improper use. The fact that the people of the Bible were human like all of us, must be impressed on its readers.

After this the children of schools No 2 and 3 marched in singing, "We're Marching to Glory," followed by "We Will Follow Jesus." The organist was accompanied by Leslie Diehl on the violin and Joseph Himes on the flute.

Rev. Dr. Roads then led a primary class drill on next Sunday's lesson.

This drill was followed by a duet, "She hath done what she could," sung by Mrs W. H. Emmert and Miss Rhoda Swartz.

The evening session convened at 7 p. m., with Devotional Exercises led by Rev. P. Heimer. They consisted of singing hymns and prayer.

The next was an address, "Jesus, the Perfect Teacher," by Dr. Roads.

The choir then sang an anthem, "Rocked in the Cradle of the Deep."

Dr. Roads announced that the State Convention will be held at Reading from Oct. 10 to 12, also the International S. S. Convention at Atlanta, Ga., during the month of May.

The President then made a few remarks. After the singing of the Doxology, the Benediction was pronounced by Rev. Dr. Roads.

In almost ever neighborhood there is some one whose life has been saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy, or who has been cured of chronic diarrhoea by the use of that medicine. Such persons make a point of telling of it whenever opportunity offers, hoping that it may be the means of saving other lives. For sale by all Druggists.

A Request.

We request our citizens and readers generally, to send in for publication items of local interest Matters that may appear trivial to them may nevertheless prove of interest to friends here and elsewhere.

In the matter of deaths and marriages it is often important that public record and mention should be made: and Ministers especially, should promptly furnish us with information in this line.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is a food medicine for the baby that is thin and not well nourished and for the mother whose milk does not nourish the baby.

It is equally good for the boy or girl who is thin and pale and not well nourished by their food; also for the anæmic or consumptive adult that is losing flesh and strength.

In fact, for all conditions of wasting, it is the food medicine that will nourish and build up the body and give new life and energy when all other means fail.

Should be taken in summer as well as winter.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

Good Whiskey is both doctor and tonic. Better looking than many doctors, better than all medicines. For general family use, nothing equals whiskey and HARPER Whiskey is pre-eminently the family whiskey. Sold by F. L. Fleshman, New Oxford, Pa.

MILLER'S Mammoth Store.

April 8th, '99.

We have a big bargain in BAKING POWDER—Babbitt's Crown and Patapsco—2 boxes for 5 cents.

DEWEY SOAP POWDER, Naphtha Borax, ½ pound bars Sand Soap, and a good Toilet Soap, all at 1 cent each. 600 pieces to sell at this price.

We sell CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, CARPETS, and NOTIONS for CASH. That is why we sell so cheap.

You will do well to call to see for Dry Goods and Carpets. We will save money for you.

We have a big line of CLOTHING in Full Suits, also odd Coats, Vests, and Pants; also a big line of SUITINGS. You will save money by calling to see us on the line of clothing.

We have a fine line of CHAMBER SETS. Come and see us for Dishes.

50 barrels of Water Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Coffee Cakes, Soda Biscuits and Ginger Snaps, 2 lbs for 7 cents.

H. W. Miller, Baltimore St., HANOVER, PA.

Duttera & Esaley,

—Dealers in—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,

Wagons, Buggies, and Fertilizers.

Near P. R. R., Freight Depot, Hanover, Pa.

Champion BINDERS AND MOWERS. CULTIVATORS and FARM IMPLEMENTS of every description.

Champion, Owego, WAGONS, from 1 to 6 horse, also SPRING WAGONS, the best in the market.

Buggies in all styles. Our line of FERTILIZERS is complete in every respect. Give us a call, learn our prices and be convinced that we can please you.

TO BUILDERS!

CLOSING-OUT SALE OF

LUMBER.

Having disposed of my warehouse bay shed, I will continue the

LUMBER AND COAL

Business at the Old Stand, and desiring to CLOSE OUT this business, I wish to inform the public that my stock of LUMBER is COMPLETE, consisting of White and Yellow Pine of all kinds, Cypress, Poplar and Hemlock Boards, Joist and Scantling of all kinds: White Pine, Hemlock and Cypress Shingles, Roofing Slate; Sash, Doors and Blinds, which I will sell at bottom prices, and as lumber has advanced, it will be to your interest call and get prices before buying elsewhere. Also a big lot of Locust Posts, hewed and in the rough.

A. SHEELY,
Pitt Street, New Oxford, Pa.

Wentz & Bro.,

HANOVER, PA.,

are LEADERS in DRESS GOODS,

Large assortment in Colors and in Blacks. We have the exclusive sale for the

GOLD MEDAL

Plain and Brocaded, from 50c to $3.50; full line of Linings and Trimmings; Best selection White Piques and Figured Lawns; Fine Zepher Ginghams, worth 10c. for 6c; also Bleached and Unbleached Sheetings and Pillow Casing; Tickings. Prime Steam-Cured Feathers. Table Linens; White Bed Spreads.

SILKS

for Waists and Dresses; Men's Suitings; Hats, soft and stiff; Children's White Lawn Caps, from 5c to $1.25; Children's White Cashmere Cloaks. Carpets, and Carpet Chain, Stram Mattings; Table and Floor Oil Cloth; Lace Curtains and Window Shades, Chenille and Tapestry Curtains and Table Covers. Give us a call and be convinced of prices and the selection.

WENTZ & BRO.

"The Hummer!"

Brushes. Brushes. Brushes.

If we can't sell you brushes cheaper than any house, we don't ask your trade. Try us and be convinced that you can buy of us 5 to 10 per cent cheaper than at other places. Fence Brushes @ 2c each. Shoe Brushes—all bristle 10c each.

DISHES —Come to see us on Dishes, as we are LEADERS in that line in Hanover $5.50 for 100 piece dinner set

WANTED.—2,000 POUNDS OF LARD.

We will pay 5½ cents for Lard in trade. We do not ship your cans, but empty them. In order to get this price you must have the lard in before the 27th of April, as after that date we can not guarantee that price.

For BARGAINS go to "THE HUMMER," the Bargain House of Hanover

CHAS. E. HUHMER.

Telephone 123 HIGH AND CHESTNUT STREETS, HANOVER, PA.

A Genuine Surprise

is caused by the remarkable offers we are making on CARPETS and the LOW PRICES are

The Talk of the Town.

COME and see our Heavy Rag Carpet at 22½ cts., worth 30 cts. Brussel Carpets, and all High Grades of Carpets. We have Bargains in Bleached and Unbleached Muslin, by the piece.

Low Priced Dry Goods Store.

C. B. NACE & SON, Next door to Saving Fund, Hanover

FOR PRUNES, PEACHES, RAISINS, &C.,

The Finest in Town,

HEINZ'S APPLE BUTTER AND JELLIES.

FRESH OYSTERS DAILY

at Plymire's Store, CENTRE SQ., NEW OXFORD, PA.

BIG BARGAINS! For Late Buyers!

We are determined to clean up our stock of

Men's, Boys' & Children's Suits & Overcoats, Ladies' and Misses Capes and Jackets, Blankets, &c.,

if Low Prices will do it. LADIES' PLUSH CAPES, THAT

WERE $7.00 now.....$5.00.
The $4.00 kind now.....$3.00.
LADIES' JACKETS THAT WERE $6.50 NOW.....$4.50
The $3.50 and $4.00 kind now.....$2.50.

About same reduction in Men's Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats. We still have a GOOD ASSORTMENT of all above and kindly ask you to step in and look around. Very Truly,

SHEELY & BRO., New Oxford.

ELMER E. WENTZ

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Notions,

CARPETS, MATTINGS, OIL CLOTHS.

FEATHERS, &C.

SQUARE AND NO. 2 BALTO. ST., - - HANOVER, PA.

New Store. Entire Stock of New Goods.

LACE CURTAINS, 50c to $3 50 a pair. Come and examine.
Remember, if you buy a Carpet from me, you get it sewed and laid.
Oil Cloths and Linoleums. BEST FEATHERS at Lowest Prices.

INSURANCE AGENCY.

....FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT....
....INSURANCE....

Insurance in Cash and Mutual Cos.

THE Travelers Life Ins. Co. give the Best forms of insurance. Every policy is a guaranteed contract. They use no contracts, their figures are a positive guaranteed statement.

The Travelers' Rates are Lower than any other Co. of equal standing,

The Trvelers' issue the most Liberal Accident Policy at rates to suit all classes,

Before insuring see the Travelers' rates and contracts. For further information apply to

W. H. DECHERT, Agt.,
NEW CHESTER, PA.

Fresh Fish.

The undersigned wishes to inform the citizens of New Oxford and vicinity that he will receive Fresh Fish at the depot every Tuesday & Thursday morning. Fish delivered about town and parties from the country can get them at the depot.

JOHN A. MELHORN.

CHARLES K. YEAGER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
NEW OXFORD, PA.

Deeds, bonds, mortgages wills, and all kinds of legal papers promptly and correctly written.

Have bills printed at this office and your sale advertised in ITEM

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE ITEM;

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

BY H. J. SMITH.

TERMS—$1.00 PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE—$1.50 if not paid within the year. No subscription discontinued unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearages are paid. A failure to order a discontinuance at the expiration of the time paid for will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates—liberal reduction to those who advertise by the year.

JOB PRINTING of every description—from the smallest label or card to the largest handbill or poster.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 14, 1899.

TOWN AND COUNTRY.

When a woman sees a doctor's buggy next door she is one part sympathy and three parts curiosity.

The Gettysburg Canning Factory will be run this year by John C. Lower, ex-Sheriff Wm. B. McIlhenny and P. A Miller.

"Give me a liver regulator and I can regulate the world," said a genius. The druggist handed him a bottle of DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Randolph Wehler

A fire of considerable proportion burned much valuable timber in the neighborhood of the Blue Mountain House, on the South Mountain, last Tuesday.

During the year ending March 1st, 1899, 486 tramps were lodged and fed at the home of Hon. John L. Jenkins, near Conewago Chapel.

Before the discovery of One Minute Cough Cure, ministers were greatly disturbed by coughing congregations. No excuse for it now Randolph Wehler.

While attending a sale near this place with his huckster table, Mr. John Seabright, of East Berlin, was so unfortunate as to lose his pocketbook, containing about $8 and also his keys

Blind men outnumber blind women in the proportion of two to one. That is probably the reason why it is so much easier for a woman to see a man's faults than vice versa.

If you have a cough, throat irritation, weak lungs, pain in the chest, difficult breathing croup or hoarseness, let us suggest One Minute Cough Cure. Always reliable and safe. Randolph Wehler.

Mr. Milton Berry, of near Round Hill, had a valuable horse to hang itself in the stable last week. Mr. Daniel Cromer, of near Hampton, also lost a horse by its hurting itself in the stable last week.

Among the pensions is an increase, $16 to $17, to Charles G. Bowan, Gettysburg, and an original widows to Susan Sheely, $3, McSherrystown.

E. C. Livingston has had a force of men at work this week putting in a tole from his building on Centre Square to connect with the sewer at corner of Eagle Hotel.

For frost bites, burns, indolent sores, eczema, skin disease, and especially Piles, DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve stands first and best. Look out for dishonest people who try to imitate and counterfeit it. It's their endorsement of a good article. Worthless goods are not imitated. Get De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. Randolph Wehler.

We are pleased to state that Mr. A. J. Gulden, of Hanover street, who underwent an operation for appendicitis, is able to be out and about.

G. A. Klingel, of Hanover street, has been confined to his bed by illness during the past week.

Bishop Shanahan will be consecrated to the office of Bishop of the diocese of Harrisburg on the Feast of St. Mark, April 26th, in the Cathedral at Harrisburg.

J. Sheer, Sedalia, Mo., conductor on electric street car line, writes that his little daughter was very low with croup, and her life saved after all physicians had failed, only by using One Minute Cough Cure. Randolph Wehler.

The American Caramel Co. advertise for 6,000 gallons of milk a day for the next six months to be delivered at their factory at York.

Eugene Sneeringer, son of Samuel Sneeringer, of near McSherrystown, was riding horseback, on Saturday evening, when his horse stepped into a deep rut, throwing Mr. Sneeringer to the ground. The horse fell on him, dislocating his hip.

A slick book agent is on his rounds taking orders for five large volumes on the "Universities and Their Sons," at $15 a set; but when the books are delivered it is seen on the contracts in fine type that $15 a volume or $75 a set is the price to be paid. Then, there is a row.

Rev. Prof. W. A. Kline, of Ursinus College, and assistant pastor of Christ Reformed church, near Littlestown, has announced himself as a candidate for the office of Superintendent of Schools in Adams county. There are three other announced candidates in the field, viz: Prof. E. E. Taylor, of Littlestown; J. Louis Sowers, of Butler township, and Prof. H. M. Roth, of Shippensburg S. N. School. The election takes place on Tuesday, May 2nd.

LOST.—Between Michael Livingston's blacksmith shop and New Oxford or within the borough limits, a $10 bill. The finder will be rewarded by leaving same at this office.

Councilman J. N. Hersh, now thinks he is the greatest man in Adams county, and it is simply because a wee small boy arrived at his home Sunday morning Keep cool Johny.

Don't fail to withess the Great Exhibition of Edison's Latest Success, The Crowning Wonder. The only instrument that reproduces same as original, full tone and real. The exhibition will be held in Miller's Hall, New Oxford, this Thursday evening, April 13th. Reserved seat tickets on sale at J. E. C. Miller's store.

For a quick remedy and one that is perfectly safe for children let us recommend One Minute Cough Cure. It is excellent for croup, hoarseness, tickling in the throat and coughs. Randolph Wehler

John A. Geesey, of this place, and Miss Sarah E. Sherman, daughter of George Sherman, of Two taverns, were married Thursday evening at 8 o'clock at St. John's parsonage, Littlestown, by Rev. Dr. L. A. Mann. Mr. Geesey is one of New Oxford's popular young men. For the past three years has been bar-keeper at the Eagle Hotel, in this place. His many friends wish him success and prosperity as a benedict. The newly wedded couple will go to house-keeping in the house of Mr. Geesey on Berlin Ave.

The Harrisburg Commonwealth says: Auditor General McCauley has notified Register of Wills Stroup that when a man dies and leaves a wife to whom he devises his estate for life, and provides that after the widow's death the estate is to go to the collateral heirs, the collateral inheritance tax is due upon the decease of the widow, and that unless the tax is paid the party is liable to a penalty of 12 per cent., and the Register of Wills is ordered to demand the tax at once.

Not one child dies where ten formerly died from croup. People have learned the value of One Minute Cough Cure and use it for severe lung and throat troubles. It immediately stops coughing. It never fails. Randolph Wehler.

According to the President's orders all the flags on the Battlefield and the flag in the National Cemetery were at half mast last Thursday, when the bodies of 336 dead heroes, who died in Cuba and Porto Rico, were interred in the Arlington Cemetery at Washington, D. C. On that day the National ensign was displayed at half-staff on all public buildings, forts, camps and public vessels of the United States, and all the departments of the Government at Washington were closed in the afternoon.

HE FOOLED THE SURGEONS—All doctors told Rennick Hamilton, of West Jefferson, O., after suffering 18 months from Rectal Fistula, he would die unless a costly operation was performed; but he cured himself with five boxes Bucklin's Arnica Salve, the surest Pile cure on Earth, and the best Salve in the World. 25 cents a box. Sold by Randolph Wehler Druggist.

New Advertisements.

The following new advertisements will be found in this issue;

The Hummer.
Carver & Sons.
Elmer E. Wentz.
E. C. Livingston.
G. B. Nace & Son.
Wentz & Brother.
Miller's Mammoth Store.
Duttera Esaley,—Agricultural Implements
W. H. Dechert,—Insurance Agency.

Going in the Trust.

The cosolidation of 28 thresher and engine firms of the country is progressing rapidly. The Geiser Co., of Waynesboro and a few other leading factories have been given the privilege of taking the trust stock on a basis of one share of preferred stock at par, $100, and 75 per cent of common stock as bonus. A number of shareholders have taken the full amount. In a limit of ten days the company dare take $500,000 of the consolidated stock, and it will be more than subscribed for. Both the Geiser and Frick propositions to the trust have been closed with at the valuation given.

The Way to Get Rich.

The way to get rich is to trust nobody, befriend none, get all you can, take all you can get, stint yourself and everything that belongs to you, be a friend of no man, let no man be a friend of yours, heap up interest, be mean, miserly and despised for twenty or thirty years, and riches will come to you as sure as disease, disappointment and death, and by the time enough wealth has been accumulated, by a disregard of the human heart and at the expense of every enjoyment, death will finish the work, the body is buried, the heirs dance and fight over what you have left, and the spirit goes—where? By all means get rich. It will pay—the devil says so.

THE BEST IN THE WORLD.—We believe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the best in the world. A few weeks ago we suffered with a severe cold and a troublesome cough, and having read their advertisements in our own and other papers we purchased a bottle to see if it would effect us. It cured us before the bottle was more than half used. It is the best medicine out for colds and coughs.—The Herald, Andersonville, Ind. For sale by all Druggists.

PERSONAL.

Miss Grace Minter, of Arendtsville, spent a few days with her aunt Mrs. C. C. Stough, Carlisle street.

Mr. Dennis Myers and wife, of Baltimore, spent Sunday with his sister, Miss Annie Myers, Pitt street.

Prof. F. R. Mayer, Optician of York, will be at the Eagle Hotel, this place, today, Friday.

Mr. James H. Weaver, of York, gave us a pleasant call on Tuesday.

Dr. J. J. Snyder, of Newport, R. I., spent several days with his family in this place.

Mr. Anthony Burger, wife and daughter, of Brooklyn, N. Y., and Christian Burger, of Lancaster, spent a few days with their brother, Rev. Clement Burger, in this place.

Council Proceedings.

The Council met in regular session April 4th, all members present but Steffy. Mr. Lingg was sworn in by the Burgess.

Bills to the amount of $262 47 were ordered paid. This includes the first payment on hose bought last year.

J. A. McIlhorn was elected pumper at $5.80 per month, and H. H. Diehl tapper at $6.75 for long taps and $4.50 for short taps.

The bond of the Treasurer, in amount $2,500, was presented and approved.

The policeman was instructed to enforce all the ordinances.

The Street Committee was instructed to use their judgement and buy spalls to the best advantage. M. J. Smith, Sec'y.

Flag Raising.

Washington Camp No. 22, P. O. S. of A., of this place, assisted by the G. A. R. and S. of V., raised a fine American flag on the Clearview school building in Oxford township, just at the edge of the borough limits, Thursday evening. The exercises were very impressive and a large number of persons were in attendance. Hon. D. McConaughy, J. L. Sowers and Hon. Theo. McAllister, of Gettysburg, were the speakers. An interesting program was rendered by the pupils of the school, under the direction of the teacher, Miss Mary Waltman.

Resting in Hagerstown.

Mrs. Catharine Brashears is here. She came here from Gettysburg, says the Hagerstown Mail,—but let her tell her own tale: "I live in Westminster, and corresponded with a millionaire at Gettysburg, Col. Stonestreet. (He is a farmer and owns a stony lonesome farm back in the hills.) He told me he loved me and would marry me, and set a date for me to come. When I g. here I was late with my trunks and goods—a week late, and the millionaire told me he had to marry another woman, or she would sue him for breach of promise. He pulled a paper as long as his arm on me, and I had to leave. I am looking for a home, and can work at anything."

Some one sent her to Col. Hull to whom she told her story. She is still looking for work. He told her he was a widower with 21 children, and even when he told her that all the washing went to the laundry, that place did not suit her.

New Swindling Gane.

A swindler is working a new game. He goes into a store and claims to have the same name as the proprietor and is afraid that things will get mixed up, as he, too, is going into business. In case of goods being delivered there by mistake, will the merchant please take charge of them until he comes for them. The stranger then goes to a wholesaler and orders a big bill of goods, usually jewelry. The goods are sent. The sharper comes along and takes them away. As the good-natured merchant has received the goods and allowed them to pass from his hands, he has to pay for them.

An Imposter.

A young man claiming to be a representative of Jeweler C. A. Blocher, sold a number of spectacles to people in the neighborhood of Fairfield last week. He sold them with the understanding that if the glasses did not suit they could be exchanged at Mr. Blocher's store in Gettysburg. He was a medium sized young man, with dark, short, curly hair. He is evidently a fraud as Mr. Blocher has no agents traveling for him.—Star.

Adams County Republicns.

The Adams County Republican Committe Saturday decided to hold the County Convention for the election of delegates to the State Convention on May 15, when the date of the convention for the nomination of the county ticket will be fixed.

AN APPETITE OF A GOAT—Is envied by all poor dyspeptics whose Stomach and Liver are out of order. All such should know that Dr. King's New Life Pills, the wonderful Stomach and Liver Remedy, gives a splendid appetite, sound digestion and a regular bodily habit that ensures perfect health and great energy. Only 25c. at Wehler's drug store.

Death's Doings.

Miss Catharine Weaver died suddenly on Saturday evening, at the home of her daughter, Mrs. George Felty, near Edge Grove, aged 77 years and 3 months.

About 3 o'clock Miss Weaver left home to go to confession at Conewago Chapel. When she arrived in front of the house of Hon. John L. Jenkins in Edge Grove, she was stricken by heart disease and fell to the ground in an unconscious condition. She was taken to her home in a buggy by William P. Devine, and Dr. R. N. Meisenhelder sent for, but she did not regain consciousness and died about 6 o'clock. Deceased was born in Union township, and was a daughter of the late Sebastian Weaver and wife. For the past 35 years she has made her home with her daughter, Mrs. Felty. Besides her daughter she is survived by two brothers, David and Lewis Weaver, of this place, and two sisters, Mrs. A Staub and Mrs. Peter Strausbaugh, of McSherrystown.

General Frank J. Magee, superintendent of the Pennsylvania Soldiers Orphans' Industrial School at Scotland, died Saturday evening at 6 o'clock, after a short illness of pneumonia. Gen. Magee was a resident of Wrightsville, York county, but spent most of his time at the Scotland school since his appointment to the superintendency in August, 1897 He leaves a wife a son and a daughter, his son being Major Robert J. Magee.

Wm. Sterner, of Myers' District, Carroll county, Md., died Monday afternoon at the home of John D. Scholl, aged about 75 years, from a stroke of paralysis, which befell him on Monday, March 20, and from the results of which he never recovered. Mr. Starner was married to a Miss Bard and resided the greater part of his life in Union township, Adams county, where he followed farming and carpentering. He was a veteran of the civil war. He is survived by 2 sons and 5 daughters.

Injunction Threatened.

There is some talk of an attempt on the part of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway to prevent further work on the new York Springs feeder of the Cumberland Valley Railroad by Contractor Dobling, who began operations this week, by injunction proceedings. It is claimed by the Reading people that the route to be taken by the new line between Dillsburg and York Springs is in the main, over the old grade of the Harrisburg & Potomac road, whose property and rights of way were purchased by the Reading some years ago. But the York Springs Railway people say they are prepared for such injunction proceedings and claim to be able to prove to the satisfaction of the courts that whatever rights the Harrisburg & Potomac road had in this old grade lapsed some years before the sale of the Reading and reverted back to the farmers and other land owners from whom the rights of way had been obtained. Geo. W. Trimmer, the prime mover in this new railroad enterprise, estimated that the nine miles of line can be graded and built with 60-pound rails for $40,000, and that stockholders will realize five per cent. upon their holdings from the start. It is to be of standard guage and must be completed within ninety days. The new line, which will connect with the Cumberland Valley at Dillsburg, will divert much of York Springs and Gardner's business from the Reading.—Harrisburg Telegraph.

To Mine Clay.

A company of New York capitalists have leased a large tract of land about one mile north of Dillsburg for the purpose of mining clay. The clay deposits represent many varieties of colors, prominent among which are pure white, deep red, blue, yellow and green and are said to be the richest in the country.

REMARKABLE CURE OF RHEUMATISM. Kenna, Jackson Co., W. Va.

About three years ago my wife had an attack of rheumatism which confined her to her bed for over a month and rendered her unable to walk a step without assistance, her limbs being swollen to double their normal size. Mr. S. Maddox insisted on my using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. I purchased a fifty cent bottle and used it according to the directions and the next morning she walked to breakfast without assistance in any manner, and she has not had a similar attack since.—A. B. Parsons. For sale by all Druggists.

Telephone Notice.

The subscribers of the Hanover Telephone Company are hereby notified that the provision in the contracts restricting the use of the telephones to subscribers and their families and employees, for the business of subscribers, will be strictly enforced. Subscribers allowing their telephones to be used by non-subscribers, will be charged ten cents for each connection so made.

The rate for the use of the toll lines to non-subscribers is 15 cents for each five minutes or less.

A phone for the benefit of the public is erected in the exchange at O. A. Smith's residence.

HANOVER TELEPHONE CO.

In another column of to-day's paper will be found the advertisement of Mr. Elmer E. Wentz. Mr. Wentz will be found at the old stand of Wentz & Overbaugh, Cor. Fountain Square and Balto. St., Hanover. The room has been remodeled and he has opened out with an entire new stock. All who may visit his place of business will be treated on the fare and square. 1t

As the season of the year when pneumonia, la grippe, sore throat, coughs, colds, catarrh bronchitis and lung troubles are to be guarded against, nothing "is a fine substitute," will "answer the purpose," or is "just as good" as One Minute Cough Cure. That is the one infallible remedy for all lung, throat or bronchial troubles insist vigorously upon having it if "something else" is offered you. Randolph Wehler.

CHURCH NOTICES.

There will be preaching in St. Paul's Lutheran church next Sunday at 7 p. m.; Sunday school 9 a. m.; Junior C. E. 3 p. m.; Y. P S. C. E. 6 p. m.; Catechetical class Saturday 2 p. m.

REV. FERDINAND HESSE, Pastor.

There will be preaching in the M. E church next Sunday at 10 a. m.; Sunday school 9 a. m.; Epworth League 6 p. m.

REV. GEORGE M. GLENN, Pastor.

There will be two masses in the Catholic church next Sunday—Low Mass at 8 and High Mass at 10 30 o'clock.

At the first mass the I. C Beneficial Association will go to Holy Communion in a body.

REV. S. CLEMENT BURGER, Pastor.

Divine services in St. Paul's Reformed church next Sunday at 2 p. m.; Sunday school 9 a. m.; C. E. Society 6 p. m.; Mid week services Thursday 7:30 p. m.; Teachers Meeting Thursday 7 p. m.

REV. P.E. HEIMER, Pastor.

DISCOVERED BY A WOMAN.—Another great discovery has been made, and that too, by a lady in this country. "Disease fastened its clutches upon her and for seven years she withstood its severest tests, but her vital organs were undermined and death seemed imminent. For three months she coughed incessantly, and could not sleep. She finally discovered a way to recovery, by purchasing of us a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and was so much relieved on taking first dose, that she slept all night; and with two bottles, has been absolutely cured. Her name is Mrs. Luther Lutz. Thus writes W. C. Hamnick & Co., of Shelby, N. C. Trial bottles free at Wehler's Drug Store.

Regular size 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed.

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

THE MARKETS.

NEW OXFORD.—By Z. H. Cashman

Choice Wheat	$ 70
No. 2 "	0 68
Raked "	50
Rye	50 @ 52
Corn	38 @ 38
Oats	32 @ 34
Clover seed, per lb	2 @ 4
Timothy seed	1.00 @ 1.25
Timothy hay	5.00 @ 7.00
Rye straw	4 00 @ 5.00

MARRIED.

April 4, in this place, by Rev. P. E. Heimer, Daniel Lookenbill and Miss Ellen Mollison, both of Abbottstown.

April 11, at McSherrystown, by Rev. P. P. Hemler, Francis Klunk to Miss Nettie Krise, both of McSherrystown.

April 5, by Rev. T. J. Barclay, J. Emory Rummel, of Waynesboro, formerly of Gettysburg, to Miss Nettie Eckert, of Cumberland township.

April 6, by Rev. A. R. Steck, John Spangler to Miss Annie L. Topper, both of Gettysburg.

April 6, at Littlestown, by Rev. L. A. Mann, John Geesey, of this place, to Miss Sarah E. Sherman, of Mt. Joy twp.

April 11, at McSherrystown, by Rev. P. P. Hemler, Charles Breighner, of Mt. Rock, to Miss Alice Freed, of Conewago township.

DIED.

Deaths free—tributes, verses, &c., 5 cts. a line

April 10, in Gettysburg, of paralysis of the heart, Mr. George Rupp, aged 60 years. Deceased was a brother of Mrs. John Holtzworth, of this place.

April 9, in Butler township, Mr. Jacob Fleck, aged about 73 years.

April 6, in East Berlin, John Hartley, in his 80th year.

April, 5, at Bermudian, Mrs. George Kinter, aged about 65 years.

April 5, at McSherrystown, Mrs. John L. Oaster, aged about 40 years.

EASTER SUNDAY APRIL 2nd.

Is a date which all have in mind, but we all are thinking of the three or four days previous to that date.

There are some things which everybody intends to purchase on those days and we have them—

EASTER EGG DYES.

We have the best, newest thing in egg-dye out.

Twelve beautiful colors and pictures for 5 cents. They are bright, fast colors and very pretty pictures, perfectly harmless. Enough to color over one hundred eggs in one 5c. package. They are the leading dye this year.

Don't forget the date, the eggs, the dyes or—

RANDOLPH WEHLER
Apothecary

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PATIENCE WITH THE LIVING.

Sweet friend, when thou and I are gone
Beyond earth's weary labor,
When small shall be our need of grace
From comrade or from neighbor:
Passed all the strife, the toil, the care,
And done with all the sighing—
What tender ruth shall we have gained,
Alas! by simply dying?

Then lips too chary of their praise
Will tell our merits over,
And eyes too swift our faults to see
Shall no defect discover.
Then hands that would not lift a stone
Where stones were thick to cumber
Our steep hill path, will scatter flowers
Above our pillowed slumber.

Sweet friend, perchance both thou and I,
Ere Love is past forgiving,
Should take the earnest lesson home—
Be patient with the living.
Today's repressed rebuke may save
Our blinding tears tomorrow:
Then patience, e'en when keenest edge
May whet a nameless sorrow!

'Tis easy to be gentle when
Death's silence shames our clamor,
And easy to discern the best
Through memory's mystic glamour;
But wise it were for thee and me,
Ere love is past forgiving,
To take the tender lesson home—
Be patient with the living.
—From the Boston Watchman.

AN UNPROFITABLE HURRY.

BY FRANK M. BICKNELL.

"Step this way a moment, if you please, Miss Chadbourne."

Mr. Vaughn had opened the letter book and was looking at it with a puzzled air. He spoke quietly, but his tone caused the young stenographer to start from her chair and approach him with trepidation.

"What do you call that figure, a three or a five?" he asked.

As she caught sight of the blurred press copy of the letter she had taken from dictation and sent to Marshall & Hobbs the evening before, she flushed guiltily and with a premonition of approaching trouble. Mr. Vaughn's lean forefinger was pointing to the fourth item in a long column of figures, quotations of prices furnished to one of the firm's best customers, and Mildred Chadbourne suspected that the transaction involved was one of unusual importance.

To hide her confusion she bent low over the page and anxiously scrutinized the indistinct copy; but to do her best she could not decide whether that fourth item was thirteen or fifteen.

Late on the previous afternoon Mr. Vaughn had dictated this letter to her, slowly and with extraordinary pains, charging her to use all possible care in getting the figures down correctly. He had seemed to her quite unnecessarily deliberate, for she was impatient to go home that she might finish a gown she was making, and she had planned to leave a few minutes before the customary closing hour.

When the dictation was completed he had rushed off to his train, although first charging her to write, copy and post the letter that night without fail. Inwardly rebelling, she had rattled the important communication through the writing machine at railway speed, and then, as the office boy was invisible, she had undertaken to copy it herself.

It requires care to copy a letter as it should be copied. If the tissue leaf upon which it is to be impressed be not wet enough, the result will be a faint copy; if too wet, a blurred one, and in that case the original sheet will sometimes be so badly defaced by the washing of the ink as to be almost illegible.

Mildred had rushed the letter through the copying press with quite as much haste as she had put into the typewriting of it. She had passed a dripping brush over the leaf and then had neglected to absorb with a blotting pad the superfluous moisture. In consequence, the copy had turned out a slovenly one, and the original had been seriously defaced.

She knew then as well as she knew afterward that haste had made waste, and that her plain duty would have been to do the work over again from beginning to end; but the letter was a long one, 6 o'clock was drawing near, and just then the completion of her new party gown was of more importance to her than the business concerns of Theophilus Vaughn & Co.

Moreover, if she were to send the letter off as it was, probably she never would hear from it again; as for the copy, that might be a matter of little importance. Not half the copies in the letter book ever were referred to. They were put there because it was a business custom to preserve them, but they seldom proved to be of vital consequence—that she had discovered in her experience thus far.

So she had crowded the "waterlogged" sheet hastily out of sight in an envelope and sent it away. Now, 24 hours later, it had occurred to Mr. Vaughn to glance over the copy, and a time of reckoning had come.

"I can't make it out, sir," she said, desperately, after keeping silence as long as she dared. "I can't tell whether it is a five or a three. I will look at my notes and see what it ought to be."

"I know perfectly well what it ought to be," he commented, dryly. "It ought to be a five. What I am anxious to learn is what it is."

"I have it a five here, sir," said the girl, who had been consulting her shorthand notes.

"The point is, did you get it down a five here?" her employer returned.

Mildred's spirits sank, and she dared not meet Mr. Vaughn's gaze, but stood before him hot, silent and thoroughly uncomfortable.

"These quotations," he proceeded, indicating the column of figures, "were furnished to Marshall & Hobbs at their request to enable them to submit a bid for a large contract—an unusually large one, I infer—which they are hoping to secure shortly. They asked for bed-rock figures, and I gave them our very lowest. Now those castings there, which I intended to quote at fifteen cents, they are going to want a great many of—thousands, in fact—and at fifteen cents we should make one cent profit, while at thirteen we should sustain a corresponding loss. So you see if they have gone ahead and put in their bid on a basis of thirteen cents we naturally shall have to stand back of our figures, and—well," he concluded, significantly, "it will make a difference to us."

"Yes, sir," assented the girl, in faint tones.

"That's a wretchedly poor copy, Miss Chadbourne," he remarked after a few seconds of uncomfortable silence—uncomfortable to her, at least. "You must speak to George. He is getting to be unpardonably careless. He's thinking too much about his own concerns, I fear."

"I-yes, sir," stammered Mildred, reddening furiously. "I will—I mean—Mr. Vaughn, to tell the truth, George didn't take that copy. He happened not to be about, and so I took it."

"Indeed!" said her employer, with an accent that caused her to flush still more; but to her relief he made no further comments. "Well," he concluded, shutting up the letter book, "I don't see what we can do about it now. Thirteen is held to be an unlucky number, and it would be particularly so here. Let us hope this nondescript blotch stands for a five."

Mildred went home that night almost wishing she had never been born. Nearly a month now she had been with Theophilus Vaughn & Co.—it was her first situation—and she had began to flatter herself, with reason, that she was giving satisfaction. At the end of her first week Mr. Vaughn had gone so far as to tell her so.

"I rather think you will suit us," he said. "You are quick, accurate, and you can spell."

"Thank you, sir: I hope I know something about spelling," was her wondering response.

"The young lady who preceded you knew something about spelling," proceeded Mr. Vaughn, with a queer shrug, "and proved the truth of the familiar assertion that a little knowledge may be a dangerous thing. "See here!" and opening the letter book he showed her the copy of a letter of about a dozen lines in which he had underscored with a pencil three misspelled words, and words not usually considered "hard" ones, either.

"I shouldn't want to employ a stenographer who was obliged to consult the dictionary continually," he went on, "but one who didn't know enough to look in it when she ought I wouldn't have at any price. A girl who can't spell, or who can't learn to spell, misses her vocation when she starts out to become a stenographer.

"You would perhaps be surprised at the number of such cases there are, Miss Chadbourne," he proceeded. "Girls who have had only a common-school education and have neglected their opportunities at that, whose knowledge of spelling and grammar is wofully deficient, and who couldn't write a presentable letter to one of their own friends to save their lives, and yet who expect to do the correspondence in a business counting room! A stenographer who has to be watched continually, lest she send out something like this thing here—a letter that any reputable house would blush for—such a stenographer—well, I have no use for her."

Now, as she took her homeward way, Mildred reflected upon these words of her employer, realizing with shame and contrition that she had been guilty of sending out on one of Theophilus Vaughn & Co.'s letterheads a "thing for which any reputable house would blush." There were no misspelled words there, the grammar was faultless, the sentences properly constructed, and every figure in it, with the possible exception of the blurred one, had been set down correctly; yet to send off such a letter—a letter that looked as if it had been left lying out overnight in the rain—was a discourtesy toward the firm's correspondents that barely fell short of an insult.

That evening occurred the party to which for weeks she had been looking forward with the liveliest anticipations of pleasure; but her regret over that unfortunate letter, joined to her anxiety concerning her future standing with Vaughn & Co., had brought on a headache which of itself would have spoiled her enjoyment effectually. So, after a dismal attempt to take part in the gayety, she left early and came home ready to cry with disappointment.

The next day chanced to be a holiday, and the one following it was Sunday. Forty-eight hours of greater apparent length Mildred was sure she never had passed. On Monday she probably would learn whether or not Vaughn & Co. were to lose several hundred dollars by her blunder—if blunder it was; meanwhile the suspense she was being kept in seemed intolerable.

If the firm were called upon to bear the loss, would Mr. Vaughn visit the consequences, so far as he could, upon her head and decide that he had no further use for so unfaithful a stenographer? Whatever might be the event she was forced to admit that she deserved to lose her situation, that she no longer merited his confidence, and thus, with unhappy doubts and self-questionings, the two intervening days dragged slowly by.

Earlier than was her custom on Monday morning Mildred reached the office. As she was removing her out-of-door garments her glance fell involuntarily on the pile of mail matter that George had brought from the postoffice and laid ready for Mr. Vaughn upon his desk. It was a large pile, so large that the upper part of it had slid backward so as to reveal the edges of some of the lower envelopes.

She caught sight of a printed name in the left-hand corner of one of them: "Marshall & Hobbs." She would have given a week's salary to open that letter, but taking such a liberty was out of the question.

Mr. Vaughn arrived late, and in so leisurely a manner did he open and read the letters that Mildred began to wish she had taken occasion to place that from Marshall & Hobbs on top of the heap and thus saved herself many long minutes of torturing suspense. Finally, when he reached it in due course, he showed the most exasperating calmness in making acquaintance with its contents—quite as if the losing of several thousand dollars were a matter of no importance whatever.

While pretending to be busy herself, Mildred watched him with tremulous anxiety. His face, however, was utterly inscrutable, and after having held the open sheet in his fingers for full five minutes—or so it seemed to her—he turned and extended it toward her, remarking briefly, "This may interest you."

She seized the letter in what came near to being a frantic clutch and resetting herself, for she felt too weak to stand, began to read:

"Your valued favor of the 20th inst. has been received and contents noted. The letter has been somewhat defaced in the copying—probably from a too free use of water by your office boy—but we think we have been able to make out all of it except the estimate given for the No. 1009 castings. We are in doubt whether the figures intended are 13 or 15. Please telegraph the correct amount on receipt of this, as we cannot delay much longer in submitting our bid."

"The moral of that seems to be," said Mr. Vaughn, quizzically, "if you must make a mistake make such a very bad one that nobody can decide what on earth your driving at. Now, Miss Chadbourne, I wish you would go out and telegraph Marshall & Hobbs that the proper figure is fifteen. Prepay the charges, and have the message repeated, so as to make sure it is right. Do you understand, and can I trust you to do that?"

"Yes, sir," the girl answered, blushing at what she fancied to be a covert sarcasm. "And, Mr. Vaughn," she thought it best to add, "I want to tell you how sorry I am for my carelessness in copying that letter. You may be sure such a thing will not occur again."

"I trust not, indeed," was all the response he made, and she left the office in some uncertainty as to how her apology had been taken, but as he did not refer to the matter afterward she was finally encouraged to hope he had not lost faith in her entirely.

She never really knew whether that important figure in the hurriedly written letter was a three or a five, but she never allowed herself to be troubled with any painful doubts as to her figures again; one escape from disaster was enough.

Thereafter she made sure to have every letter she sent out exactly right in all particulars before it left her hands, and she was never again known to neglect her employers' interests for her own pleasure or convenience, as she clearly recognized she had been guilty of doing in the case of her "unprofitable hurry."—Youth's Companion.

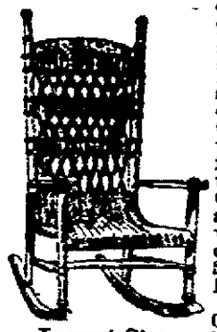
Teeth Made Out of Paper.

Dentists in Germany are using false teeth made of paper, instead of porcelain or mineral composition. These paper teeth are said to be very satisfactory, as they do not break or chip, are not sensitive to heat or cold or to the action of the moisture of the mouth and are very cheap.

IT COSTS YOU NOTHING

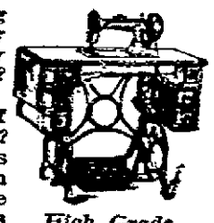
But a postal to find out you are paying double our prices on Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Upholstery Goods, Bedding, Crockery, Clothing, Silverware, Clocks, Sewing Machines, Pictures, Mirrors, Baby Carriages, Refrigerators, Stoves, Tinware, Lamps, Bicycles, Pianos, Organs, Shoes, Hats, Gents' Furnishings, etc.

We pay Freight on Carpets and Draperies, and expressage on made-to-order Clothing ($5.50 to $14.90), guaranteed to fit.



Largest Size Reed Rocker. Price $1.19.

Why are we doing business in every state and territory in this country? Why has our business doubled itself during the past year? Our Free Catalogues tell the story. Which do you want? Write today. Address this way,



High Grade Sewing Machines, upwards from $8.50.

JULIUS HINES & SON, Baltimore, Md. Dept. 305

WANTED—A case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. Send 5 cts. to Ripans Chemical Co., New York, for 10 samples and 1000 testimonials.

If afflicted with sore eyes use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Write It Down.

Write it down in a book, so you can see it every day, that St. Jacobs Oil is as sure to cure Lame Back or Lumbago as you write it down. It does its best with it and leaves behind a cure that stays.

New York banks pay out in interest and dividends every quarter not far from $130,000,000.

To Cure Constipation Forever.

Take Cascarets Candy Cathartic. 10c or 25c. If C. C. C. fail to cure, druggists refund money.

An Opera for the Queen.

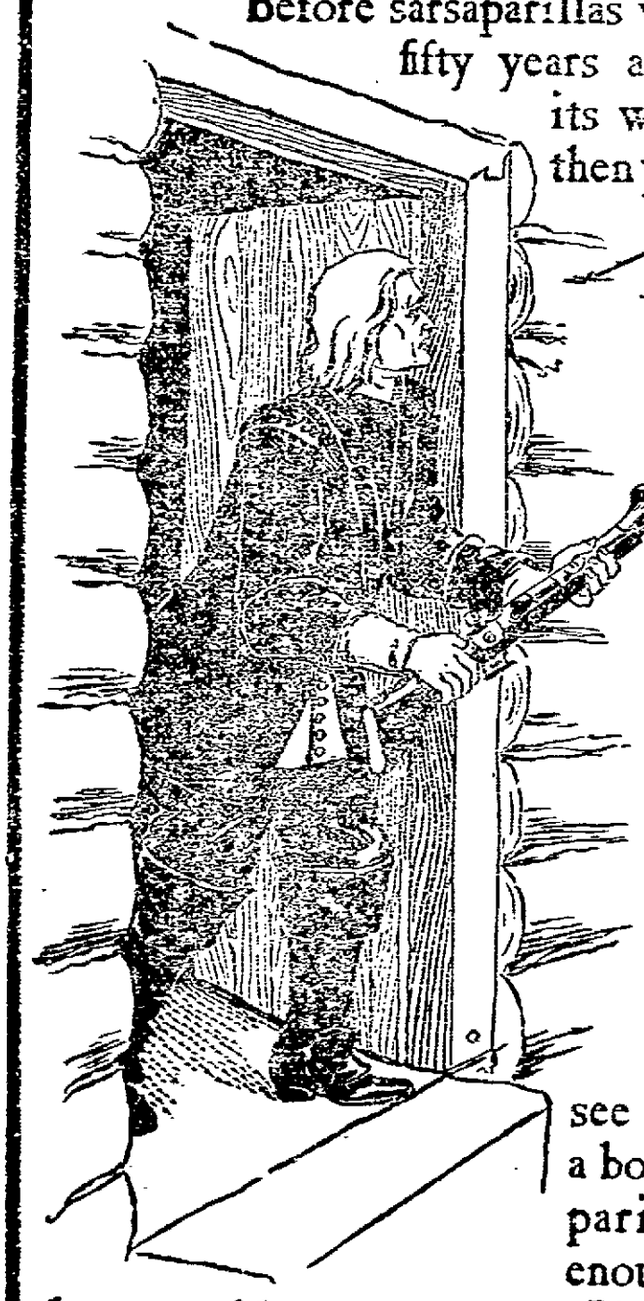
With reference to the bequest made to the corporation eighteen years ago by a certain Sig. Favale, says the London City Press, it seems that, in addition to the money left to form marriage portions for city maidens, the signor bequeathed to her majesty his unpublished tragic opera in three acts, entitled "Elzira." His last request was that her majesty should command its representation, and that the proceeds should be devoted to the poor of London. That opera is still preserved in the archives, but up to the present no step has been taken to insure its production. Perhaps one day we shall see it given in the theater the Guildhall School of Music now possesses.

Knowledge.

Unless the heart is in perfect sympathy with the head, the comprehension of any great work of art is impossible.—Goethe.

The Pioneer Medicine is Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Before sarsaparillas were known, fifty years ago, it began its work. Since then you can count the sarsaparillas by the thousands with every variation of imitation of the original, except one. They have never been able to imitate the quality of the pioneer. When you see *Ayer's* on a bottle of sarsaparilla that is enough; you can have confidence at once. If you want an experiment, buy anybody's Sarsaparilla; if you want a cure, you must buy



Ayer's

[The Sarsaparilla which made Sarsaparilla famous]

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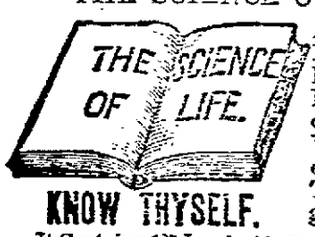
Strength, Vitality, Manhood.

THE SCIENCE OF LIFE; OR, SELF-PRESERVATION.



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A Great Medical Treatise on Happy Marriages, the cause and cure of Exhausted Vitality, Nervous and Physical Debility, Atrophy (wasting), and Varicocele, also on ALL DISEASES AND WEAKNESSES OF MAN *from whatever cause arising.* True Principles of Treatment. 370 pp. 12mo, with Engravings.

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It Contains 125 Invaluable Prescriptions for acute and chronic diseases. Embossed, full gilt, PRICE ONLY $1 BY MAIL (sealed). (New edition, with latest observations of the author.)

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The National Medical Association awarded the Gold Medal for this Grand Prize Treatise, which is truly A BOOK FOR EVERY MAN, Young, Middle-aged, or Old, Married or Single.

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The Peabody Medical Institute has been established in Boston 37 years, and the fame which it has attained has subjected it to a test which only a meritorious institution could undergo.—*Boston Journal.*

"The *Peabody Medical Institute* has many imitators, but no equals."—*Boston Herald.*

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Easy Chances.

A slip may sprain, a thump may bruise, easy chances for pain and trouble. An easy way to cure right off is to use St. Jacobs Oil. It takes no chances and knows what it can do.

The highest price ever paid for a race horse was $150,000 for the famous Ormonde.

No-To-Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c, $1. All druggists.

Alaska babies rarely cry. When they do, they are held under a little stream of running water, usually under a barrel tap, until they stop.

Knocks Coughs and Colds.

Dr. Arnold's Cough Killer cures Coughs and Colds. Prevents Consumption. All druggists. 25c

It is believed that aluminum was originally discovered B. C. 49, but if so the discovery was confined to only a few, and was quickly forgotten.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

A bill to compel drinkers of liquors to register and obtain a license is before the Michigan Legislature.

"Peace Hath Her Victories"

No less renowned than war," said Milton, and now, in the Spring, is the time to get a peaceful victory over the impurities which have been accumulating in the blood during Winter's hearty eating. The banner of peace is borne aloft by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It brings rest and comfort to the weary body racked by pains of all sorts and kinds. Its beneficial effects prove it to be the great specific to be relied upon for victory. Hood's *never disappoints.*

Salt Rheum—"My mother was seriously afflicted with salt rheum and painful running sores. No medicine helped her until Hood's Sarsaparilla was used, which made her entirely well." ESSIE E. MAPLESTONE, 358 Dearborn Street, Chicago, Ill.

Tired Feeling—"I had that tired, dull feeling, dyspepsia, headaches and sinking spells, but Hood's Sarsaparilla made me a new man. I never was better than now." JOHN MACK, Oskaloosa, Iowa.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

Hood's Pills cure liver ills; non-irritating and the only cathartic to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

GOLDEN CROWN
LAMP CHIMNEYS
Are the best. Ask for them. Cost no more than common chimneys. All dealers.
PITTSBURG GLASS CO., Allegheny, Pa.

BUY NORTHERN GROWN FARM SEEDS
SEEDS
Salzer's Seeds are Warranted to Produce.
Mahlon Luther, E. Troy, Pa., astonished the world by growing 250 bushels Big Four Oats; J. Breiter, Marion, Wis., 172 bush. barley, and H. Lotejoy, Red Wing, Minn., by growing 320 bush. Salzer's corn per acre. If you doubt, write them. We wish to gain 200,000 new customers. Hence will send on trial
10 DOLLARS WORTH FOR 10c.
10 pkgs of rare farm seeds, Salt Bush, Rape for Sheep, the $999 Corn, "Big Four Oats," Beardless Barley, Bromus Inermis—yielding 7 tons hay per acre on dry soils, etc., "40-bu. Wheat," including our mammoth Seed Catalogue, telling all about our Farm seeds, etc., all mailed you upon receipt of but 10c postage, is actually worth $10, to get a start. 100,000 bbls. Seed Potatoes at $1.25 per bbl up. 25 pkgs earliest vegetables, seeds, $1.00.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., LACROSSE, WISCONSIN
Please send this adv. along. Catalog alone, 5c. No. AG

8000 BICYCLES
Overstock Must Be Closed Out. STANDARD '98 MODELS, guaranteed, $9.75 to $16. Shopworn & second hand wheels, good as new, $3 to $10. Great factory clearing sale. We ship to anyone on approval without a cent in advance.
EARN A BICYCLE by helping us advertise our famous line of '99 models. We give one Rider Agent in each town FREE USE of sample wheel to introduce them. Write at once for our special offer.
K. F. Mead Cycle Company, Chicago, Ill.

FITS STOPPED FREE Permanently Cured Insanity Prevented by DR. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER
Positive cure for all Nervous Diseases, Fits, Epilepsy, Spasms and St. Vitus' Dance. No fits or Nervousness after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges only when received. Send to Dr. Kline, Ltd., Bellevue Institute of Medicine, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box D, Atlanta, Ga.

RHEUMATISM CURED—Sample bottle, 4 days' treatment, postpaid, 10 cents. ALEXANDER REMEDY CO., 246 Greenwich St., N.Y.

25 CTS PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

I am entirely cured of hemorrhage of lungs by Piso's Cure for Consumption.—LOUISA LINDAMAN, Bethany, Mo., January 8, 1894.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The management of the largest and newest hotel in Boston has just decided to exclude "drummers" or traveling salesmen from the house on the ground that he does not wish the lobby turned into a business office.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

Frederick Remington, the artist, who is just back from Havana, always used a small, folding pocket camera while in Cuba, designed by him and made especially for his use.

Trifling that Costs.

There is a way of trifling that costs a heap of money. Neglect rheumatism and it may put one on crutches, with loss of time and money. St. Jacobs Oil will cure it surely, right away.

Only about one in 1,000 cattle shipped abroad from this country dies or is lost at sea.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.

To quit tobacco easily and forever, be magnetic, full of life, nerve and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. All druggists, 50c or $1. Cure guaranteed. Booklet and sample free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Fumigation of fruit trees infected with the San Jose scale by the use of the gas of prussic acid is a remedy which is now said to be certainly effective.

Harlow N. Higginbotham, former President of the World's Columbian Exposition, has greenhouses in which are 50,000 carnations, his favorite flower.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

The passion flower, which grows in the South American forests, can only be enjoyed where it grows, as it fades almost as soon as it is picked.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money

Favorite Pastime of Children.

The fish may be represented by oblong pieces of cardboard (if mamma has time, pictures of fish may be pasted on these), the under side of each having a number to tell the child the weight of the fish he has caught. On the upper side place small double-pointed tacks, into which the hook is caught. The fishing hook may be made of a bent pin, and for the pole a long pencil will answer. On a rainy or snowy day the little ones will enjoy this sport hugely, and there will be no catching cold.

An Excellent Combination.

The pleasant method and beneficial effects of the well known remedy, SYRUP OF FIGS, manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., illustrate the value of obtaining the liquid laxative principles of plants known to be medicinally laxative and presenting them in the form most refreshing to the taste and acceptable to the system. It is the one perfect strengthening laxative, cleansing the system effectually, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers gently yet promptly and enabling one to overcome habitual constipation permanently. Its perfect freedom from every objectionable quality and substance, and its acting on the kidneys, liver and bowels, without weakening or irritating them, make it the ideal laxative.

In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal qualities of the remedy are obtained from senna and other aromatic plants, by a method known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only. In order to get its beneficial effects and to avoid imitations, please remember the full name of the Company printed on the front of every package.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.
For sale by all Druggists.—Price 50c. per bottle.

WHEN LOVE LIVES.

When all the world, for Spring's sweet sake,
Its festal robe of green put on,
And flowers were gay in field and brake
Because the Winter's power was gone;
Within the white-pearled hawthorne tree
You heard the mated thrushes sing;
You had no word to say to me,
For all your thought was of the Spring.

And when a thousand buds uncurled
A thousand scents your garden knew,
And when the wonder of the world—
The Summer world grew clear to you;
You heard the skylark overhead
Between green fields and sky of blue;
You had no heart for me, you said,
Summer had won your heart from you.

But now the woods grow thin and brown,
The dry ferns shiver in the breeze,
The year puts off her bridal gown,
Puts on her mourning draperies.
Down in your orchard robins sing:
Ah! Can you bid me go, my dear?
For Summer's gone, and gone is Spring;
'Tis Love alone lives out the year.

HUMOROUS.

An Irish philosopher says it's a wise man who has his after thoughts first.

"What frightfully tall collars Harry Higgs wears." "Yes; he can't see that his shoes are not blacked."

"We didn't have time to stop, so we bought a lunch and ate it as we drove along." "Ah, I see—you dined a la cart."

"I rise for information," shouted an excited politician. "I am very glad to hear it," said a bystander, "for no man wants it more."

"Your daughter has a rather peculiar name." "Violetta Jerusha! Yes, but the grandmothers she is named after are both rich."

"My first dumplings!" she exclaimed:
And she looked so very sweet
He was carried away and protested,
"They look nice enough to eat!"

"I can't go to jail," said a funny vagrant. "I have no time." "The court provides that," said the magistrate. "I give you ten days."

"The Jinkle girls have given up all their social ambitions." "Money run out?" "No; they couldn't teach their mother to say 'candelabra'."

Teacher—You must know "book" is neuter gender. When did you ever hear of a masculine book? Tommy—I've heard of "hymn" books, miss.

Magistrate (sternly)—You're a pitiable specimen of humanity. What brought you to all this degradation and disgrace. Prisoner (proudly)—It took three policemen.

Cholly—I'm the only one left in London. Grace—Then why do you stop? Cholly—Why I wondered how Robinson Crusoe felt and I wanted to find it out, don't you know.

There are poems unwritten and songs unsung—
But don't let this fact get your nerves all unstrung:
'Tis economy wond'rous for midnight lamps
And think what an awful saving of stamps.

"I trust," she said, patronizingly, "that you are a true artist—that you confine your efforts to an elevated plane." "Assuredly I do, madam," was the reply. "I am a frescoer, and invariably work with a ladder."

"You say," remarked the pedestrian, "that you have vainly wished for work." "Many a time," answered Meandering Mike. "What is your favorite occupation?" "It all depends on where I happen to be. In Oregon it's pickin' bananas, and in Florida it's shovelin' snow."

A widow went to the office of the insurance company where her late husband had insured himself in order to receive payment of her claim. During the conversation which ensued the clerk remarked sympathetically that he was very sorry to hear of her husband's death." Whereupon she fairly staggered him by remarking, "You men are all the same—always sorry when a poor woman gets the chance of a little money."

Promenading in Manila.

The Caljada, in Manila, Philippine Islands, is an odd sight in the latter part of the afternoon, when the day's business is over and the air is cooler. Every one is there, and, as nearly every one knows every one and has more time to be polite than folk have in some other parts of the world, the crowd is in a state of continual salutation. The newcomer fears the promenaders have got to going so they will not be able to stop, but when the grand bells of the cathedral toll for vespers he will discover his misapprehension, for every one in that great throng will bow or kneel silently, with uncovered head, and, before he has realized what he is looking at, the throng is nodding right and left as industriously as ever.

The native women dress prettily, and if they have money, very expensively. They wear only two garments—a short chemisette, coming hardly to the waist, and a saya, or skirt, made of a single piece of cloth, and wrapped tight about the figure. The material is pina, from the fibre of bromelia, a kind of pineapple. The best quality is exquisitely fine and is transparent. A single saya will cost sometimes as much as $2000, a scarf $200 and handkerchiefs from $25 to $100. The threads are so light that great care must be taken in the factories to prevent gusts of air from tangling the delicate strands.

MOTHERHOOD is woman's natural destiny. Many women are denied the happiness of children through some derangement of the generative organs. Actual barrenness is rare.

Among the many triumphs of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the overcoming of cases of supposed barrenness. This great medicine is so well calculated to regulate every function of the generative organs that its efficiency is vouched for by multitudes of women.

SORROWS OF STERILITY

MRS. ED. WOLFORD, of Lone Tree, Iowa, writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Before taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound I had one child which lived only six hours. The doctor said it did not have the proper nourishment while I was carrying it. I did not feel at all well during pregnancy. In time I conceived again, and thought I would write to you for advice. Words cannot express the gratitude I feel towards you for the help that your medicine was to me during this time. I felt like a new person; did my work up to the last, and was sick only a short time. My baby weighed ten pounds. He is a fine boy, the joy of our home. He is now six weeks old and weighs sixteen pounds. Your medicine is certainly a boon in pregnancy."

MRS. FLORA COOPER, of Doyle, S. Dak., writes:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—Ever since my last child I suffered with inflammation of the womb, pains in back, left side, abdomen and groins. My head ached all the time. I could not walk across the floor without suffering intense pain. I kept getting worse, until two years ago I wrote to you for advice, and began taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I had not finished the first bottle before I felt better. I took four bottles, and have been strong and perfectly healthy ever since, and now have two of the nicest little girls."

Valuable Swords of Honor.

A carved sword of honor, owned by the Gackwar of Baroda, India, is by far the most valuable in the world, its hilt and scabbard being encrusted with diamonds, rubies and emeralds of the rarest kind, the whole being valued at £220,000. Several of the native Indian princes have swords of honor of more than half the value of that belonging to the ruler of Baroda, the golden hilts being studded with the most valuable precious stones. The Shah of Persia had a sword valued at upwards of £10,000 which he wore on his visit to Great Britain. The czar of Russia and the sultan of Turkey possess swords, set with diamonds and other precious stones worth thousands of pounds. The sword of honor presented to Lord Wolseley by the Egyptians is set with diamonds and valued at £2,000.

There to Stay.

The laying of the foundation stone of the Gordon College in the Soudan is an indication of the practical character of British colonization, which unites piety for Gordon's memory and anxiety for necessary and useful work with the thorough assurance of the conquerors of territory. The Soudan has been delivered from the dominion of the cruel Baggaras, a fact which will be of immense importance for the growth of the new province. The laying of the foundation stone also signifies that the English established themselves in the Soudan with the intention of remaining there.—Berlin National Zeitung.

Admiral Schley is said to be a descendant of the family of which Nathan Hale was a member.

TAPE WORMS

"A tape worm eighteen feet long at least came on the scene after my taking two CASCARETS. This I am sure has caused my bad health for the past three years. I am still taking Cascarets, the only cathartic worthy of notice by sensible people."
GEO. W. BOWLES, Baird, Mass.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.
... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...
Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 313

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

Spalding's Trade-Mark Means "Standard of Quality" on Athletic Goods Insist upon Spalding's

Handsome Catalogue Free.
A. G. SPALDING & BROS.,
New York. Chicago. Denver.

P. N. U. 13 '99

Any Girl Can Tell

A physician who makes the test and is honest about it can tell you that, in many cases, the number of red corpuscles in the blood is doubled after a course of treatment with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

That this means good blood may not be entirely clear from the doctor's statement, but any girl who has tried the pills can tell you that it means red lips, bright eyes, good appetite, absence of headache, and that it transforms the pale and sallow girl into a maiden who glows with the beauty which perfect health alone can give.

Mothers whose daughters grow debilitated as they pass from girlhood into womanhood should not neglect the pill best adapted for this particular ill.

Frank B. Trout, of 193 Griswold Ave., Detroit, Mich., says: "At the age of fourteen we had to take our daughter from school on account of ill health. She weighed only 90 pounds, was pale and sallow and the doctors said she had anæmia. Finally we gave her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. When she had taken two boxes she was strong enough to leave her bed, and in less than six months was something like herself. To-day she is entirely cured, and is a big, strong, healthy girl, weighing 130 pounds, and has never had a sick day since."—*Detroit Evening News.*

The genuine Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold only in packages, the wrapper always bearing the full name. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Schenectady, N.Y. 50 per box.

It Was Before the Day of
SAPOLIO
They Used to Say "Woman's Work is Never Done."

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

A Carlisle florist recently received an order for flowers from Adams County which read as follows: "Please send me fifteen cents worth of red and white roses, and four bunches of violets at three cents a bunch. Ship promptly, for they are for a wedding." Twenty-seven cents were enclosed as payment. This customer was evidently ignorant of the prices of cut flowers about Easter time

Lancaster is excited over the increasing prevalence of cerebro-spinal meningitis with its fatal results. Four people died Thursday and many are sick. The Board of Health have decided that stringent measures must be taken to prevent its spread. Within two weeks William Furman's two sons, his sister-in-law and a neighbor's boy have died from the disease.

Rev. E. Edwards, pastor of the English Baptist Church at Minersville, Pa. when suffering with rheumatism, was advised to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm He says; "A few applications of this liniment proved hf great service to me. It subdued the inflamation and relieved the pain. Should any sufferer profit by by giving Paim Balm a trial it will please me." For sale all Druggists.

Lightning struck a flowing gas well in a Westmoreland County field a few days ago and ignited the gas. The town of Weston is 18 miles away, but the flame can be seen there. It is impossible to extinguish the fire or stop the flow of gas. West Milford which is four miles away from the field, was turned off its municipal lights and is now illuminated by the flame.

In an opinion Judge Stewart decides good the contract made between the Undine Milling Company, of Williamsport, Md., and Jacob S. Funk, Waynesboro, by the terms of which Funk was to furnish the milling company 430 bushels of wheat during the time Joe Leiter had the market cornered at 90 cents per bushel. Funk sold the wheat for $1 to another dealer and the milling company seeks to recover the 10 cents per bushel on the entire lot with interest.

GLORIOUS NEWS.—Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four Bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved,—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, buifds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by Randolph Wehler, Druggist. Guaranteed.

The Biggest Hog.

The largest hog ever raised was recently slaughtered in New York. The animal was a Jersey red boar 2½ years old, weighing alive 1,609 pounds, and dressing 1,336 pounds. The National Provisioner has the following to say of the prodigy: "This huge swine measured over 9 feet from tip of nose to end of tail. It measured 2½ feet across the loin, 2½ feet across the hams and 6 feet in girth. This makes the hog 3 feet through. It was split at the shoulder, and to look into the great carcass was like looking into the crevice of a cavern."

If troubled with rheumatism, give Chamberlain's Pain-Balm a trial. It will not cost you a cent if it does no good. One application will relieve the pain. It also cures sprains and bruises in one-third the time required by any other treatment. Cuts, burns, frostbites, quinsey, pains in the side and chest, glandular and other swellings are quickly cured by applying it. Every bottle warranted. Price 25 and 50 cts. All Druggists. 4.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS

As Reflected by Dealings in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, April 11.—Flour weak: winter superfine, $2.15@2.40; Pennsylvania roller, clear, $3.15@3.35; city mills, extra, $2.50@2.75. Rye flour quiet and unchanged at $3.20@3.25 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat firm: No. 2 red, spot, in elevator, 74¾@75c. Corn strong: No. 2 mixed, spot, in elevator, 38¾@39c.; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 40½@41c. Oats quiet and steady: No. 2 white, 34½@35c.; No. 2 white, clipped, 35@35½c. Hay steady: choice timothy, $13 for large bales. Beef quiet but steady: beef hams, $19@19.50. Pork quiet: family, $12@12.50. Lard weak: western steamed, $5.50. Butter steady; western creamery, 16@21c.; do. factory, 13@15c.; Elgins, 21c.; imitation creamery, 14@18½c.; New York dairy, 15@20c.; do. creamery, 16@21c.; fancy Pennsylvania prints jobbing at 24@27c.; do. wholesale, 23c. Cheese firm: large, white and colored 12@12½c.; small do., 12½@13c. Eggs firm: New York and Pennsylvania, 13½c.; western, fresh, 13¼@13½c.; southern, 12½@13¼c.

Baltimore, April 11.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat strong and higher: No. 2 red, spot, 75½@75¾c.; the month, 75¾@75¾c.; May, 76@76¼c.; July, 75c.; steamer red, 73@73½c.; southern, by sample, 70@75c.; southern, on grade, 71½@75½c. Corn strong and higher; mixed, spot, 37@37¾c.; the month, 38@38½c.; May, 38½@38⅝c.; June, 38¼c.; steamer mixed, 35@35½c.; southern, white, 40¼c.; southern yellow corn, 39c. Oats dull; No. 2 white, 35@35½c.; No. 2 mixed, 32@32½c.; Rye firmer; No. 2 nearby, 58c.; No. 2 western, 60c. Hay steady; No. 1 timothy, $12.50@13. Grain freights weak, steam to Liverpool, per bushel, 1½d. April; Cork, for orders, per quarter, 2s. 3d. April; Butter steady; fancy creamery, 22@22½c.; fancy imitation, 18@19c.; fancy ladle, 15@16c.; good ladle, 13@14c.; store packed, 11@12c.; rolls, 12@14c. Eggs steady at 12½c. Lettuce at $1.75@2 per bushel box.

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE

A Young Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celery King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation and all diseases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists. 25c. and 50c. 4

For sale by E. C. Livingston.

GO TO

GILBERT & SON

FOR

MASURY'S R. R. PAINT,....
....AND LEWIS' OILS.
JOCKEY HARNESS OIL,
Sewer Pipes, Barb, Smooth and all kinds

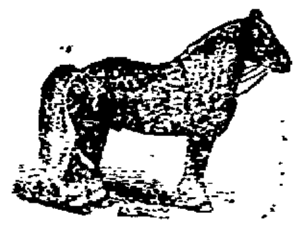
Fencing Wire.

We have the largest line of cuttlery and Builders supplies in the county. Prices always the lowest.

Call to see us.

CENTER SQUARE, NEW OXFORD.

HORSES. HORSES.



TUESDAY, APRIL 18th, I will have car load of OHIO HORSES, Workers and Drivers, from 3 to 6 years old. For sale or exchange. Call and see them.

Also have on hand at all times a lot of well-broken and green MULES.

H. A. SMITH, Hanover, Pa.

MEN'S SPRING SUITS.

For the past few weeks we have been busy unpacking our new Spring line of Men's Suits, until now our shelves and counters are piled full of the many new and desirable styles shown for this season.

Our line is more than ever up-to-date and extremely correct in every detail of Style, Finish and Fabrick, and you certainly do yourself an injustice if you buy before giving our line a look.

We pay especial attention to a line of Men's Suits, guaranteed ALL WOOL, tailored by our own custom hands during their dull season, best possble lining, selected with an eye to both wear and looks, at prices in reach of all.

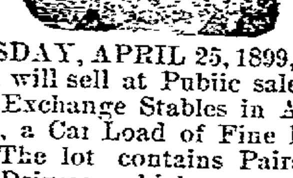
N. B. Carver & Sons.

HANOVER, PA.

Public Sale!

—OF—

Indiana Horses



THURSDAY, APRIL 25, 1899, the undersigned will sell at Public sale at his Sale and Exchange Stables in Abbottstown, Pa., a Car Load of Fine Indiana Horses. The lot contains Pairs, Sadelers and Drivers, which were carefully selected. At this sale I will buy two car loads of fat, smooth, blocky horses. Sale begins at 12 o'clock, M., when terms will be made known by.

F. K. HAFER.

NOTICE is hereby give that an application will be made to the Governor of Pennsylvania on Friday, April 14, 1899, by Herbert D Bennett, William F Burdell, A. M. Schaper, R. O. Ramsey and J. H. Harter, under the General Corporation Act of 1874 and its supplements, for the charter of an intended corporation to be called The American District Telegraph Company of Pennsylvania, which is formed for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and leasing lines of telegraph for the private use of individuals, firms, corporations, municipal and otherwise, for general business, and for police, fire alarm, or messenger business, and for the transaction in connection therewith of a general messenger and delivery service, in the counties of Adams, Allegheny, Armstrong, Beaver, Bedford, Berks, Blair, Bradford, Bucks, Butler, Cambria, Cameron, Carbon, Center, Chester, Clarion, Clearfield, Clinton, Columbia, Crawford, Cumberland, Dauphin, Delaware, Elk, Erie, Fayette, Forest, Franklin, Fulton, Green, Huntingdon, [illegible] Jefferson, Juniata, Lackawanna, Lancaster, Lawrence, Lebanon, Lehigh, Luzerne, Lycoming, [illegible], Mercer, Mifflin, Monroe, Montgomery, [illegible], Northampton, Northumberland, Perry, [illegible], Pike, Potter, Schuylkill, Snyder, Somerset, [illegible], Susquehanna, Tioga, Union, Venango, Warren, Washington, Wayne, Westmoreland, Wyoming, and York, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, benefits and privileges of said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

JOB PRINTING of every descrip. executed at the ITEM office at bottom prices. Satisfaction guaranteed

New Spring Goods, New Styles, New Prices....

We are now receiving our new line of Spring Clothing, Hats, &c. which we have bought to sell and have applied the selling prices—THE LOWEST.

In Neckwear we have the nobbiest line ever shown in Hanover.

Removal, Opening and CLEARING SALE,

—IS STILL GOING ON AT—

FRANK S. BECHTEL'S

One Price Cash Clothing House.

(Removed into the Large Room of the HOTEL O'BOLD BUILDING FOUNTAIN SQUARE, HANOVER, PA.)

We are closing out our

Blankets, Stiff Fur Hats and Lined Gloves

AT COST.

EMMERT BROTHERS.

Center Square Grocery.

Peaches, 4 pounds for 25 Cts.

Imperial Roasted Coffee, 1½ pounds in tin bucket for 25cts.

Yours with Respect,

E. C. LIVINGSTON,

N. E. CORNER CENTER SQUARE, :—: NEW OXFORD, PA.

FOR RENT.—A Large Store Room. Rent Reasonable.

I have just received Thirty head of fine

VIRGINIA CATTLE,

which I will sell at LAST FALL'S PRICES,

BY THE QUARTER:

Front Quarter—6c.
Hind Quarters—8c.

Sausage Meat from 7c to 10c per lb.

ALL KINDS OF

Fresh Meats

always on hand at my store, next to Sheely & Bro.'s Dry Goods Store, Center Square. THEO. E WARNER.

Highest Price paid for Hides.

Grain AND Produce.

N. LINGG & BRO.,

(Successors to A. Sheely.)

PITT STREET, - NEW OXFORD.

The undersigned having purchased the ware house of A. Sheely on Pitt Street, New Oxford, Pa, they will continue to buy all kinds of GRAIN, such as

Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, Clover, Timothy and all kinds of Grass seeds, Flax Seed, Hay, Straw, Potatoes, &c. Will also have for sale

The Best Brands of Flour,

Coarse and Fine Salt, and everything usually kept in a place of this kind.

Sellers and buyers will find it to their advantage to give us a call. Free delivery to any part of the Borough.

The business will be in charge of H. G. Wehler, who will always be found to be courteous and obliging.

N. LINGG & BRO.

WM. McCLEAN, Late Pres. Judge. WM. ARCH. McCLEAN.

WM. & WM ARCH. McCLEAN,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Gettysburg, Penna. Office west side of Baltimore street, 3rd door from Centre Square

EMLET'S

DRUG STORE.

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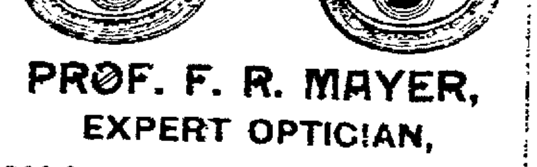

PROF. F. R. MAYER,

EXPERT OPTICIAN,

ROOM 11, RUPP BUILDING, YORK, PA.

Hours:—9 a. m. to 8 p. m.

Western Maryland Railroad

—CONNECTING WITH—

P & R. R. at Shippensburg and Gettysburg; Norfolk & Western R. R. at Hagerstown; B & O R. R. at Hagerstown and Cherry Run; Penna. R. R. at [illegible] and Hanover, and P. W. & B., N. C. and B. & P. Railroads at Union Station, Baltimore, Md.

BALTIMORE & HARRISBURG DIVISION

Schedule in effect Oct. 2, 1898.

READ DOWNWARD			STATIONS.	READ UPWARD		
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		P. M.	A. M.	A. M.
	6 15		Le Williamsport Ar			8 20
2 07	7 02		Hagerstown	12 15		8 06
2 33	7 32		Ar Edgemont Le	11 45		7 31
1 25	6 00		Le Shippensburg Ar			8 [illegible]
1 36	6 11		Chambersburg	12 20		8 25
2 16	7 07		Waynesboro	12 02		7 [illegible]
2 36	7 30		Ar Edgemont Le	11 45		7 35
2 41	7 36		Le Edgemont Ar	11 42		7 [illegible]
2 56	7 50		Ar Highfield Le	11 25		7 [illegible]
2 56	7 [illegible]		Le Highfield Ar	11 27		7 10
3 14	8 10		Fairfield	11 05		6 [illegible]
3 33	8 24		Orrtanna	10 45		6 [illegible]
3 35	8 28		McKnightstown	10 40		6 [illegible]
3 42	8 32		Seven Stars	10 37	P. M.	6 [illegible]
3 55	8 45		Gettysburg	10 28	1 12	5 [illegible]
4 16	9 06		New Oxford	10 03	12 51	5 [illegible]
4 20	9 10	A. M.	Berlin Junction	9 [illegible]	12 48	5 52
4 35	9 23	6 16	Hanover	9 36	12 37	5 [illegible]
4 45	9 35	6 23	Porters	9 [illegible]	12 25	5 27
4 49	9 40	6 29	Sinsheim	9 2[illegible]	12 21	5 20
5 01	9 54	6 32	Green Ridge	9 15	12 10	5 12
5 03	9 55	6 35	Glenville	9 13	12 08	5 11
5 12	10 04	6 44	Lineboro	9 05	12 00	5 0[illegible]
5 20	10 11	6 52	Alesia	8 58	11 53	4 5[illegible]
5 31	10 21	7 01	Green Sp. Furnace	8 47	11 42	4 41
5 35	10 25	7 05	Hampstead	8 43	11 38	4 37
5 42	10 31	7 14	Arcadia	8 36	11 32	4 30
5 52	10 41	7 27	[illegible]	8 26	11 21	4 1[illegible]
6 58	10 45	7 32	Ar Emory Grove Le	8 22	11 17	4 15
6 00	10 46	7 [illegible]	Le Emory Grove Ar	8 20	11 15	4 15
6 57	11 20	8 40	Ar Baltimore Le	7 22	10 17	3 22
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.		A. M.	A. M.	P. M.

BERLIN BRANCH R. R.—DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.—Leave Hanover 9 49 a. m., Berlin Jc. 10 [illegible] a. m., and arrive at Abbottstown 10 14 a. m., and East Berlin at 10 29 a m.

Leave Hanover 5 42 p. m., Berlin Jc. 5 52, Abbottstown 6 07, and arrive East Berlin 6 22 p. m.

Leave East Berlin at 8 40 a. m., Abbottstown at 8 54 a.m., and arrive at Berlin Junction at 9 08 a.m., and Hanover at 9 19 a.m.

Leave East Berlin 11 20 a. m., Abbottstown 11 35, Berlin Jc. 11 48, and arrive at Hanover 12.

HANOVER JUNCTION BRANCH.—Leave Porters 12 30 p m for Hanover Junction and intermediate stations. Leave Hanover Junction returning, at 1 30 p m daily, except Sunday.

EASTERN EXTENSION B. & H. DIVISION—Leave Porters for York and intermediate stations at 7 30 and 9 58 a. m., and 12 29 and 5 27 p. m. Leave York for Porters and intermediate stations at 9 00 and 11 55 a. m., and 4 10 and 6 25 p.m.

ON SUNDAYS ONLY —Leave Hanover for Baltimore and intermediate stations at 6 50 a.m. Leave Baltimore for Hanover and intermediate stations at 9 30 a.m.

POTOMAC VALLEY RAIL ROAD.—Leave Hagerstown for Charlton, Clear Spring, Big Pool and Cherry Run at 8 05 a. m., and 1 25 and 8 05 p. m. Leave Cherry Run for Hagerstown and intermediate stations at 5 37 and 10 10 a.m., and 5 05 p.m.

J. M. HOOD, General Manager.
B. H. GRISWOLD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.
H. D. SCOTT, Supt, B. & H. Div.
JOSEPH LEIB, Div. Passenger Agt.

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Instruments of equal and even greater power are made now. We have Violins, Guitars, Banjos, Mandolins, Pianos and Organs which are not excelled in quality, range, sweetness or volume of tone by any instrument made.

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